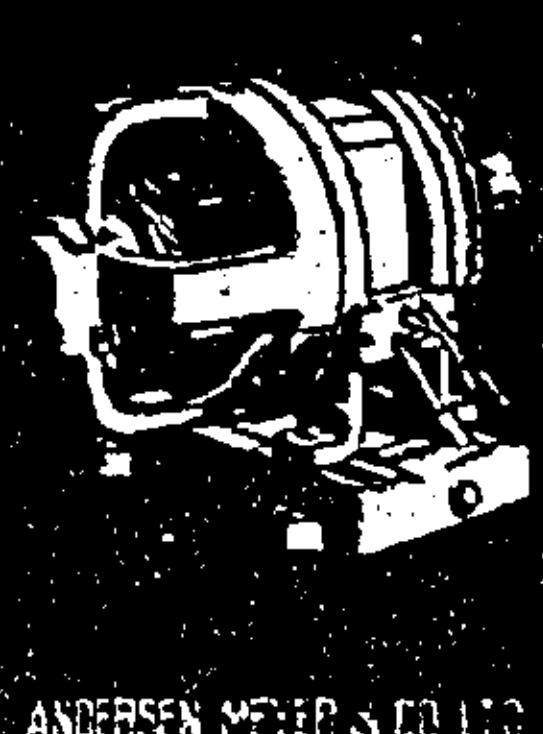
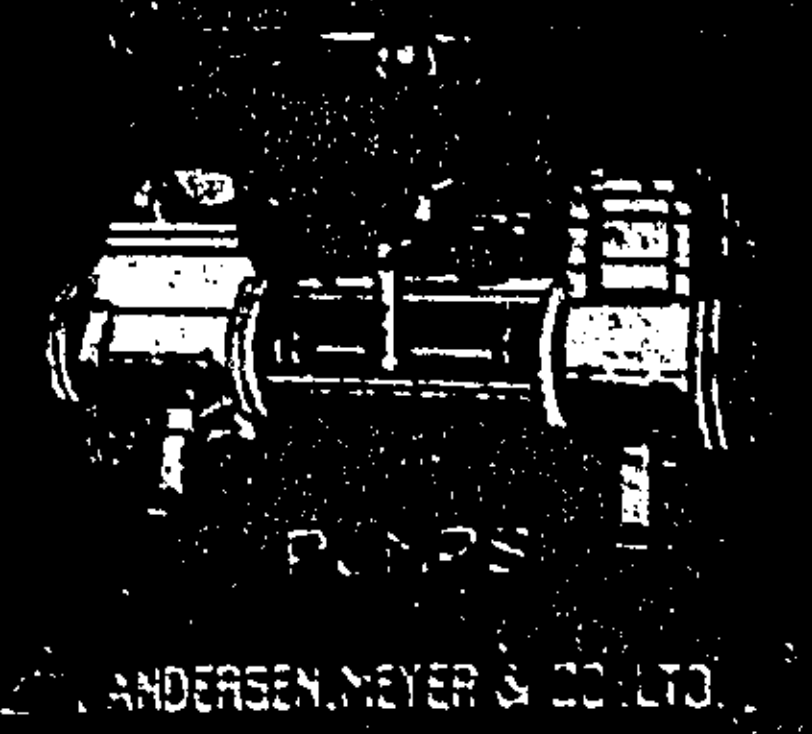


G-E MOTORS



ANDERSEN MEYER & CO. LTD.

WORTHINGTON



ANDERSEN MEYER & CO. LTD.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST GATHERING.

Soviet Methods of Trial Condemned.

London, June 18.

The first post-war conference of the Second International opened in London under the presidency of the Right Hon. A. Henderson, M. P. All the principal European countries were represented.

The conference discussed the European economic situation, reparations, and the Geneva and The Hague conferences, and passed a resolution condemning the Soviet Government's methods of trial of political prisoners.

[The Second International is a pre-war Socialist federation; the First faded out a number of years ago. The Third International, is a Communist conception originating at Moscow. Attempts to fuse the Second and Third have not succeeded; the tendency has rather been to grow farther apart, owing to Sovietist excesses.]

GERMANY'S LARGEST NEW LINER.

Unpropitious Launching Ceremony.

Berlin, June 18.

The 32,000-ton liner Columbus, the largest vessel in the German mercantile marine, built at the Schichau Works, Danzig, for the North German Lloyd Bremen-New York service, stuck fast while being launched in the presence of a large crowd.

This anti-climax was the more disappointing as the daughter of Herr Carlsson, the proprietor of the Works, in christening the vessel, concluded a patriotic speech with the words: "Go now and bring honour once more to the German black-white-and-red flag."

Attempts to float the vessel were unsuccessful, and it is expected that the floating will be a lengthy and troublesome task.

CAPSIZING OF GERMAN SHIP.

Nearly Forty Lives Lost.

Hamburg, June 18.

The capsizing of the Avare (see earlier telegrams) seems to have been due to the vessel being not properly ballasted. In addition to many dock hands, a hundred of the crew were aboard, of whom 25 are missing, also thirteen workmen. Divers rescued several persons who were below when the ship capsized. The authentic list of casualties is not yet available.

URUGUAYAN ARCHBISHOP FIRED AT.

Anarchist Outrage in Cathedral.

Monte Video, June 18.

Whilst the Archbishop of Monte Video was preaching at the Cathedral, the editor of the Anarchist journal *Batalla* fired five shots with a revolver. The Archbishop was slightly wounded. The congregation attempted to lynch the assailant.

NEW BRITISH RECORD FOR THE HUNDRED YARDS.

Applegarth Does Nine-Three.

London, June 18.

A new British record of 9.3/5 secs. for the hundred yards was established by W. R. Applegarth at the Dundee Hibernians Football Club sports.

DAVIS CUP MATCH.

Close Win for France.

Copenhagen, June 18.

In the first round of the Davis Cup doubles, France (Cochet and Borotra) beat Denmark (Tegner and Worm) 3/6, 6/2, 3/6, 10/8, 6/2.

THE ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

"Quest" at Capetown.

Capetown, June 18.

The Quest has arrived. All are well.

(Other Early and Special Telegrams on Pages 2 and 3.)

HONGKONG HARBOUR TRAGEDY.

Four Lives Lost.

The master of a fishing boat, his two sons and a daughter were drowned yesterday when their boat capsized off West Point.

The stevedore, who reported the catastrophe, stated that at 10 p.m. yesterday the boat was proceeding from Aberdeen to Shaikwan with a crew of nine men and six women, when a sudden gust of wind capsized it. The whole personnel were thrown into the water. The master and his children were carried away by the strong tide that was running at the time, and were not seen again. The other members of the crew managed to cling to the overturned craft until they were rescued by passing junk.

NEW TUG BOAT.

W. S. Bailey and Co. Secure Order.

From tenders submitted for the building of a single screw tug boat for the Sanitary Board, the Government have accepted that of Messrs. W. S. Bailey & Co., Ltd. for delivery of the vessel in six months at \$49,700.00.

The new vessel will be of teak, 79 feet in length with compound surface condensing engines, and a trial speed of ten knots an hour. The vessel will be fitted with steel bulkheads, steel engine and boiler casing, bridge deck and saloon, and be generally similar to the tug boat "Yuet Tung" recently completed by Messrs. Bailey for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., Ltd.

CANTON BOMBARDED

Naval Boats Demonstrate Against Troops.

Effective Protest By Foreign Consuls.

Special Story to the "Telegraph."

There are no fresh developments of importance in connection with the Canton situation to-day, the latest information reaching us being that fighting has, for the time being at any rate, ceased, the naval forces remaining at their anchorage. A Chinese passenger who arrived here by train from Canton this morning told one of our reporters that the soldiers in Canton are holding up all persons carrying boxes or baggage and searching them ostensibly for arms but in reality for looting purposes. That explained why, he said, so many of the passengers were only carrying bedding and strictly personal effects. There were not many passengers, the majority of the people in Canton being afraid to make the journey to the Railway Station.

There was no fighting yesterday, he said. Neither was there any this morning up to the time the train left. He thought that Sun's forces on the river and elsewhere were waiting the arrival of reinforcements from the North, but added that all the trains from Shenzhen to Canton were commandeered by Chan's military forces, many men and much ammunition being transported. He thought there would be much more fighting when both sides had prepared for it.

"Who is the most popular man among the Cantonese? Chan or Sun?" asked our representative. "The people think that both of them have done wrong to fight. They were both very popular before, but they are damnable fools to fight in Canton and upset all the people." And there our informant was content to leave the matter.

Our Canton correspondent says the cessation of operations by the naval boats is due to a protest delivered by the Consular Body on the Shamoen.

Sun Yat-sen's wife did not leave the yamen until the guards had surrendered. Her whereabouts are not known.

Sun Fo, (a son of Dr. Sun Yat-sen) who was Mayor of Canton, is believed to have come down to Hongkong, travelling aboard steamer disguised as a coolie.

The First Fighting.

The skirmish in the vicinity of the Presidential yamen was unexpectedly severe, in view of the small number of defenders there. The assaulting forces, however, early in the afternoon Sun Yat-sen's bodyguard surrendered after forty had been killed. Sun Yat-sen himself had, however, gone. He had secured a sinking of the projected assault some hour or so before it was launched and secretly left, accompanied by Dr. Wu Ting-fang, to go aboard one of the cruisers.

Until prohibitory orders were broadcasted the following morning, the troops indulged in a certain amount of looting. During the actual conflict, a house-to-house search for arms was made in the region of the fighting, and when it was found that the residence of one of the officials of Sun's regime contained a store of arms, the soldiers needed no other excuse to completely divest it of every stick of movable furniture and everything else that could be taken away.

A Grim Scene.

On Saturday morning, on visiting Sun Yat-sen's yamen, I witnessed troops busily engaged in carrying away all the movable furniture, undeterred by the sentries placed on duty at the gates. One man's business instincts are worth recording. He had secured from the interior of the yamen a detached mirror from a dresser and forthwith proceeded to hold an auction on the spot. But a corporal of the guard soon gave him a gentle reminder that these things were not quite in order and the self-appointed auctioneer instantly departed with the mirror before he had had a chance of striking a bargain. In spite of the fact that an interval of twenty-four hours had intervened, the bodies of those killed in the fighting were still lying outside the yamen walls in full sight of passers-by. It was a grim scene, the charred and damaged remains of the yamen providing a striking background.

STORY OF THE BOMBARDMENT.

From a member of the staff of the *Hongkong Telegraph* who has been sent to Canton to keep us posted with developments there, we have received the following accounts of the dramatic happenings occurring as a result of the coup effected by General Chan King-ming's forces:—

At two o'clock on Friday morning, General Yip Kue, Commander-in-Chief of General Chan King-ming's forces, acting under secret instructions from his chief, dealt a surprise blow which completely altered the political situation here. You have already been made acquainted with what actually occurred that morning. Broadly speaking, the principal points upon which the effectiveness of General Yip's movement mainly hinged were the mountain of the Goddess of Mercy, the White Cloud Mountain and the Presidential Palace. Very few of Sun Yat-sen's adherents were stationed at these points, but, despite this fact, they put up a stubborn resistance which dragged on until well past midnight before they finally yielded.

On the road to the White Cloud Mountain which I traversed on the following morning in an endeavour to get into contact with General Yip, who is now the predominant military figure here, I found his soldiers strengthening the communications they had secured to the city by a chain of pickets. From a man who wore the uniform of a captain I secured confirmation of the report that after an all-morning skirmish with Sun Yat-sen's garrisons, General Yip had securely established himself with three regiments of troops and had turned the White Cloud Mountain into his headquarters. His aide, General Wong, in command of the 2nd Division, directed the attack on the Presidential yamen and later at the Arsenal and Cement Works, both of which were later destined to pass into his possession.

Bombardment Begins.

To-day (Saturday) the scene of the operations shifted near to the Shamoen, where the foreign residents had a good view of what was taking place. Sun Yat-sen has always declared that the Navy was loyal to him, and any doubts on that point were dramatically dispelled this afternoon. The four warships forming the squadron had been moving up and down the river since day-break, a procedure which greatly annoyed Chan's troops lined up along the waterfront. The Cement Works had been carried at 11 o'clock in the morning, and it is said that firing by the pickets provoked the naval bombardment which began at 1.30 p.m. Appeals had previously been made by the Seventy-Five Merchants' Guilds to both sides to spare the city, but, none the less, the naval forces decided to act, and this they did without much discrimination.

I was seated in the dining room of the Ansa Hotel at 1.30 this (Saturday) afternoon in company with a number of Europeans when we were suddenly aware of a noise which resembled the firing of long strings of firecrackers coming from the direction of the Eastern Bund, this being punctuated by the booming of heavier explosions. In less than a minute, the first ship of the squadron, the *Wing Fung*, I think, came into view, steaming along the stretch immediately in front of the hotel at high speed. As she and two other units of the squadron passed along in single file they kept up a regular fire, aimed at Chan's pickets stationed along the bund and on the Honam side. These troops, lying prone, returned the fire with machine guns. So close were the cruisers that from the windows of the hotel the men at the gun could be easily seen at work.

Building Wrecked.

A number of snipers on the roof of a two-story building on the Honam waterfront directly opposite the Steamboat Company's wharf, fired a volley at the passing ships, but they had short shrift when the remotest of the vessels, the *Cho Yue*, discharged a ball at fifty yards' range. The building was squarely hit immediately below the roof and when the yellow smoke had become dispersed it was seen that the building had been completely wrecked, every man in it no doubt being instantly killed.

The naval ships kept up their firing until reaching a point opposite the Steamboat Company's wharf, where the *a.s. Kinkhan* was lying, when orders were evidently given to cease, but the machine guns aboard were again brought into use as the Maritime Customs building was passed, this being in response to the firing of pickets who were placed along the bund to guard the public buildings and the approaches to the Shamoen.

Other News.

Our Canton correspondent says it is reported that Sun Yat-sen is aboard the cruiser *Wing Fung*. He adds that most of the houses in the eastern part of the city and also in eastern Honam suffered considerably from the bombardment. The number of killed is unknown, but is estimated at more than one hundred. Chinese merchants have visited Shamoen and requested the Consular Body to persuade the naval officials to refrain from further bombardments. It is said that, despite Sun Yat-sen's orders to the contrary, Admiral Tong Ting-kwong before the bombardment ordered the naval commanders to use cannon-balls instead of explosive shells in the bombardment.

Our correspondent adds that General Ngai Bong-ping has complied with Sun Yat-sen's request and gone aboard the *Wing Fung* to hold important negotiations. It is reported that Sun's wife is missing and that Sun will be prepared to come to any terms with General Yip if the latter can persuade any of his troops who have captured her to give her up.

THOROUGH THIEVES.

Took Coat off Victim's Back.

Not content with taking the earrings from her ears, the bangles from off her wrists and the pin from her hair, two men who held up an amah near Wong-chung Gap Road on May 25th, robbed her of even the coat on her back.

It appears that about a quarter past one in the afternoon the amah left Wanchai, where she was living, to visit a friend who lived at Wanchai Gap. She went up the steps leading to Kennedy Road near Wanchai Branch Post Office and as she neared the top she saw two men sitting down. Not being quite sure of the way, the amah inquired the direction. The men showed her the way she should go and she went up the road which intersects Bowen Road. She had been walking up the hill some ten minutes or a quarter of an hour when the two men from whom she had ascertained the direction overtook her. One man got in front of her and the other walked behind. The man behind, seized the amah by the hair, the man in front turned round and they then proceeded to rob her. They took off her black silk jacket, her earrings, bangles, hair pin, and \$1.60 in money. A fish seller happened to pass along the road. This disturbed the robbers and they made off. A little later the amah met a painter and he accompanied her to No. 2 Police Station, which they reached at about 2 o'clock.

Within two hours a Chinese constable saw a man in a pawnshop in Praya East pawning a pair of bangles. The man had a pawn ticket for a jacket in his possession.

The constable arrested this man, the woman identified him and this morning he appeared in the dock at the Criminal Sessions, before Mr. Justice Wood, charged with being concerned in the robbery. He was also charged with receiving the property, knowing it to have been stolen.

The Jury were Messrs. C. G. Anderson (foreman), Young Lu-sai, D. L. W. Williams, W. L. W. Weaver, A. R. Abbas, F. A. Xavier and V. A. Yvanovich.

Mr. E. K. Holmes conducted the case for the Crown. Prisoner was sentenced to 5 years' hard labour, and to receive 12 strokes of the "cat."

News in To-day's New Advertisements.

The N. Y. K. advise consignees that the *Haruna Maru* has arrived from Europe.—Page 4.

The *s.s. Van Overstraten* has arrived from Singapore and the J.C.J.L. give consignees the usual notice.—Page 4.

New white shoes are advertised by Lane, Crawford, Ltd.—Page 6.

The Blue Funnel *s.s. Myrmidon* is unloading cargo at Holt's Wharf. Consignees see page 4.

The regular monthly meeting of the local branch of the Marine Engineers' Guild of China takes place on Wednesday.—Page 4.

The programmes of the Coronet and Kowloon Theatres are given on page 12.

The last shows of "Someone Must Pay" are at the World Theatre to-night.—Page 4.

A six-cylinder Buick touring car is being auctioned by Messrs. Lemert Bros. on Monday, June 26th.—Page 4.

Sincere's are holding a sale.—Page 3.

The *s.s. Rosario* has arrived from New York, and consignees will find a notice on page 5.

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 7 1/2 d.

The Weather.

2 p.m. Barometer—29.70; Temperature—81°; Humidity—77%.

Lighting Up-Time.

Lighting up time to-day 7.20 p.m.

NOTICE.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS & SHIP-BUILDERS, HOK UN, KOWLOON.

HARBOUR REPAIRS
Call Flag "L".Sole Agents for
"KELVIN MOTORS."
Motors from 12 B.H.P. to
50 B.H.P. now in stock
also spare parts.Works ... Tel. K.21.
Manager ... K.633.
Secretary ... K.369.
Harbour Engineers ... K.604.
K.622.

Telegrams "SEYBOURNE"

METALS

of all kinds, especially for ship-
building and engineering works.
Complete stock. Best terms.
Immediate delivery.

SINGON & CO.,

(Established A. D. 1880.)
HING LUNG T. Phone 515.

NEW PIANOS

by
**MORRISON,
KLIMES,**
at moderate Prices.TSANG FOOK PIANO
COMPANY.94A Wanchai Road.
PHONE 3127.

MASSAGE HALL.

23, WYNDHAM STREET.

MRS. H. MORITA.

JAPANESE PRIVATE
MASSAGE.Mrs. USUNOYE c/o MATOUBARA
Telephone No. 405.
Apply 2nd Floor
10 Queen's Road, Central.

JAPANESE MASSAGE.

MRS. H. SUGA
MR. U. SUGA
No. 11, D'Aguilar Street,
2nd Floor.APODICURE
AND
MANICUREMrs. N. Tsuchioka
31, Wyndham Street.
HONGKONG PRINTING OFFICE
First Floor, Room 12.GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
General Managers.
Hongkong.

MARTIN'S
**APIOL & STEEL
PILLS**
[For Ladies]
A French Remedy for all irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies everywhere keep a box
of Martin's Pills in the house, so that
in the event of any irregularity of
the system a remedy may be at hand.
Considerable experience has shown that
these pills, known throughout the world,
are the most effective and reliable.
All Chemists and Druggists sell them.
HARRISON'S, Chemists, Southampton, Eng.

MARTIN'S
**APIOL & STEEL
PILLS**
[For Ladies]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

The Hague, June 17.
Yesterday journalists were refused admission to the Palace of Peace, where the Conference is sitting. The police even held up cars of the delegates, compelling the occupants to show cards. Vigorous protests secured the admission of the pressmen to the gardens, and it was decided to admit them to the Palace in the afternoon. The action of the Dutch authorities is condemned by the Dutch Press.

RUSSIA AND THE POWERS.

Rome, June 16.
In the Senate Signor Schanzer said that though he had not received any official communication, indirect information compelled him to think that the Soviet Government had refused to ratify the Italo-Russian agreement.

Rome, June 17.
Signor Schanzer was replying to a speech by Signor Albertini, a delegate to Washington, who declared that the mutual renunciation of debts by Britain and the United States was the only solution of the world's troubles. Signor Schanzer said that Italy was going to the Hague confidently hoping that an agreement would be reached with Russia, but the latter must abandon the idea of imposing communistic principles and repudiating engagements to Europe. Regarding the non-ratification of the Italo-Russian Agreement, Signor Schanzer said that it appeared, during the Russian negotiations at Genoa, that the Council of Commissioners in Moscow had resolved that no fresh Treaty with a European country could be concluded unless it contained a clause recognising the Soviet as *de jure*, also recognising the Soviet representatives abroad as the sole representatives of Russia. Signor Schanzer said he was unable to agree to either stipulation, and he was astonished at the Soviet repudiating the work of its negotiators.

THE PRINCE'S HOME-COMING.

Gibraltar, June 17.
H.M.S. Renown arrived here at six o'clock this morning. About 10 o'clock the Prince of Wales landed, being met by General Smith Dorrien, with whom he lunched. During the morning he made a tour of the Rock and was particularly interested in the famous galleries. In the afternoon he played tennis. He dined with Admiral Pelly, after which he returned to the Renown, which, having sailed for Plymouth at eleven o'clock. The Gibraltar visit by the Prince was quite informal.

London, June 17.
A great reception is in the course of preparation in connection with the Prince of Wales' arrival in London on the 21st June. It is expected to rival Princess Mary's wedding as a demonstration of popular enthusiasm. Official details of the arrangements state that in addition to Their Majesties, Queen Alexandra and the rest of the Royal Family, those welcoming the Prince at Paddington Station will include the Premier, Cabinet Ministers, Admiral Beatty, Earl Cavan, Sir Hugh Trenchard, the High Commissioner for India and the Japanese Ambassador. The Guard of Honour will be furnished by the Welsh Guards. The King, Prince of Wales, Duke of York and Prince Henry, escorted by the Household Cavalry will drive in procession to Buckingham Palace, whither the Queen and other Royalties will return privately. The Prince of Wales, after the ceremonies at the Palace, where the King's Guard and His Majesty's Indian orderlies will be drawn up, will drive in procession to St. James' Palace.

MEXICO'S DEBTS.

New York, June 17.
The Mexican Secretary of the Treasury, Senor Delahuerta, has signed an agreement with the International Bankers' Committee, covering all phases of Mexico's external debt.
The Agreement covering Mexico's debt, subject to the approval of President Obregon, covers securities of the face value of \$100,000,000 gold, the interest on the arrears of which approximates \$200,000,000. Cash payments of current interest begin on 2nd January next from a special fund into which will be paid oil and export taxes and the surcharge on the gross receipts of the national railways. All payments of back interest will be waived. Overdue coupons will be deposited with a trustee, and receipts for coupons will be amortized without interest over a period of time, this arrangement being practically the cancellation of part of back interest. The Mexican railways will be promptly returned to private management, and the Mexican Government will assume all railway debts not already guaranteed by it. In order to give time for the full resumption of all cash obligations, all classes of bondholders shall agree to a temporary suspension of sinking-fund rights, etc., for five years.

EDUCATION AND CHRISTIANITY.

London, June 17.
At a Missionary Conference at Swanwick, Professor Roxby just from China, said that the Education Commission, of which he was a member, believed that a new opportunity had arisen and was still developing for Christian schools in China. The ultimate evangelisation of China must come through the Chinese themselves. He declared the Chinese were the most practical people in the world and would judge Christianity by its effect. He deduced therefrom that education must henceforth not be an annexe, but become one of the essentials of missionary work.

THE PROHIBITION LAW.

Washington, June 17.
A new Treasury Department Regulation authorizes the sale of liquor aboard Shipping Board vessels outside the three mile limit.
Washington, June 18.
Senator Edmonds, a Republican, has introduced into the House of Representatives a Bill refusing entrance to American ports of any ship, foreign or American, upon which liquor is sold.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT IN LONDON.

London, June 17.
Ex-President Taft and Mrs. Taft will arrive in London tomorrow. The primary purpose of Mr. Taft's visit is to study the procedure of the English Courts in the first instance with a view to proposing legislation to Congress for the improvement of the Federal District Courts. A huge programme of functions in honour of the Tafts has been arranged until they depart on July 8th, including a dinner which will be attended by Their Majesties at the American Embassy.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

London, June 17.
M. Poincare, accompanied by Madame Poincare, is visiting London and is likely to confer with Mr. Lloyd George.
M. Poincare, with his wife, has arrived in London in connection with the Verdun Anniversary celebrations. The visit is unofficial. There will be discussions between Mr. Lloyd George and M. Poincare on Monday after the former's luncheon in honour of the visitors. The discussions will be necessarily limited in scope as M. Poincare will probably return to Paris on Monday; but it is believed that they will include questions on the Near East, The League and German Reparations. The French Press comments of to-day state that the whole of France is ardently hoping that the Premiers will not miss this opportunity of dissipating prejudices and misunderstandings.

Marshal Petain, Defender of Verdun, to-day laid a wreath on the Cenotaph at Whitehall.
M. Poincare and Marshal Petain this afternoon witnessed the Verdun Challenge Cup Polo Match at Ranelagh. England beat France by eight goals to six. The London Ladies' Committee of the British League of Help this evening entertained them to a banquet at the Hotel Cecil, presided over by Lord Derby. M. Poincare in a speech referred gratefully to the adoption of French towns and villages as an emblem of British friendship.

London, June 18.
Growing importance is attached to to-morrow's discussions between M. Poincare and Mr. Lloyd George, at which the former is credited with the intention of raising the Anglo-French Pact, which has been in abeyance since the Cannes Conference; also the question of Tangier, where France is desirous of extending her sphere of influence, but wherein consideration of Britain's wish not to weaken Gibraltar enters. A four party conference between England, France, Spain and the Sultan of Morocco is foreshadowed. M. Poincare at the Hotel Cecil banquet said that he found the Anglo-French friendship as living and is strong as ever here in the United States. He mentioned that hitherto 9,600 receiving

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE.

Paris, June 17.
M. Pernotte, interrogated before the Seine Correctional Tribunal in respect of charges connected with a deal in Taels and Francs to his alleged personal advantage and to the detriment of the Banque Industrielle de Chine, defended his banking transactions. He declared that when he left early last year the Banque was solvent. M. Outrey, Deputy for Indo-China, chiefly attributed the failure to the economic crisis and stated that Europeans and Indo-Chinese had the highest esteem for M. Pernotte.
Expert accountants thought that M. Pernotte had exceeded his rights in ordering the conversion of his gratuity of 200,000 francs, which was paid from Peking, although M. Pernotte was residing in France.

FRANCE'S SHIPPING CRISIS.

Bordeaux, June 17.
M. Rio, Under Secretary for the Mercantile Marine, has declared the eight-hour day one of the causes of crisis in the French Mercantile Marine. He says unless the eight-hour day legislation is internationalised it will be necessary to alter the law to enable French merchant shipping to meet foreign competition.

THE COTTON CONGRESS.

Stockholm, June 16.
The Cotton Congress has passed a resolutions declaring a 48 hour week economically unsound and detrimental to the best interests of the employers and operatives, and reaffirming the belief that arbitration is the best method of settling cotton contract disputes. It was decided to appoint a Sub-Committee to draft rules, applicable, as far as possible, to all countries.

LENIN'S ILLNESS.

London, June 17.
An official announcement from Moscow confirms that M. Lenin is compelled to withdraw from State business, at least until the autumn. He has been suffering great fatigue, aggravated by poisoning. The doctors consider his recovery possible.

U.S. WAGES REDUCTION.

Chicago, June 17.
The Railroad Labour Board announces a cut in the wages of clerks, station employees, signalmen and stationary firemen of two to six cents per hour from July 1st. It is expected to realise a saving of \$27,000,000 in the annual wages bill. 325,000 men are affected.

A WIRELESS DISCOVERY.

New York, June 17.
Signor Marconi has arrived in his yacht from Southampton. After wireless experimenting on the voyage, he declares that he has discovered the possibility of flashing wireless round the world.

SOVIET JUSTICE.

London, June 17.
Vandervelde, Liebknecht and other Socialist defenders of the revolutionaries at Moscow have asked the accused to relieve them of their functions on the ground that the Soviet's pledge to accord them full liberty in their defence has not been fulfilled.

LORD NORTHCLEFFE AND THE WALTER FAMILY.

London, June 18.
Lord Northcliffe, who purchased the interest of the Walter family in the Times is reported to have paid £200,000. The Walters were associated with the Times for 150 years.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

IRELAND'S TROUBLES.

Dublin, June 18.
As the Presiding Officer was about to declare the results of the polling for four Dail representatives for the National University, 13 armed men arrived in motor cars, seven of whom rushed into the Senate Chamber, ordered everyone to raise their hands, quickly collected and carried off the voting papers and election documents. Fortunately one of the officials had taken a copy of the results. These explain the reason for the incident, showing that a pro-Treaty Independent was elected instead of a sitting anti-Treatyite. The other three sitting members were re-elected, including Mr. MacNeill, the Speaker of the Dail Eireann.

Glasgow, June 17.
The authorities here have prohibited Mr. De Valera from speaking in a licensed hall on Sunday. Mr. De Valera has therefore cancelled his speech-making visit to Scotland over the weekend.

London, June 17.
Irish transport workers declared a lightning strike last night, following the dismissal of a member employed by *Freeman's Journal*. The paper consequently was not published to-day, as the machine-hands are members of the Transport Workers' Union.

London, June 17.
Gunmen early this morning attacked the homesteads of Protestant farmers in the village of Altaveigh, outside Newry. Four men and one woman were taken from their homes and shot dead, while several were wounded by bombs. Five houses were bombed and burned. The crimes are believed to be a reprisal for a recent murder. The victims included an aged couple living alone in a cottage. The raiders ordered both out of bed and shot them side by side.

A platoon of Special Constables was ambushed on the Armagh-houth border, one being killed and one wounded.

THE CITY EQUITABLE CASE.

London, June 17.
The Police at Vienna have informed the Home Office that they have arrested a man believed to be Gerard Bevan, the ex-Chairman of the City Equitable Fire Insurance Company, who has been missing since February 5th. The Home Office is awaiting confirmation of identity.

According to Reuter at Vienna, the man was provided with a French passport in the name of Leon Vernier, and has been living in modest lodgings at Vienna for the past two months. He was arrested on Tuesday and is alleged to have admitted his identity as Bevan and to have made a full confession. Apparently he had very little money.

Vienna, June 17.
The British Minister has formally demanded the extradition of Bevan who was only arrested after half-an-hour's desperate struggle with two powerful detectives.

Later.
Bevan very violently resisted arrest and repeatedly knocked down the detectives, who were compelled to summon assistance. The struggle lasted half an hour. Subsequently Bevan drank something from a bottle. The police suspected poison and the prisoner was hastily subjected to the stomach pump, whereafter he simulated insanity and was sent to hospital for two days. Ultimately it is alleged that he confessed his identity, denied that he materially benefited, but admitted that he falsified the accounts. He carried a falsified French passport. He only slightly resembles the police description. He has grown a beard and dyed his hair.

THE RADIO CRAZE.

London, June 17.
The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the Wireless Telegraphy Signalling Bill thus amending the Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1904. Mr. Kellaway, the Postmaster General, introducing the Bill, said that some form of control was necessary in order to prevent chaos by "broadcasting," such as was prevailing and 400 transmitting licences had been issued.
The *Evening Standard* states that firms whom the Postmaster General had asked to formulate a wireless "broadcasting" scheme met yesterday, but were unable to reach an agreement, chiefly for financial reasons; hence amateurs anxious to "listen in" were being held up indefinitely.

THE COST OF LIVING.

London, June 17.
The Labour Ministry statistics for May show the cost of living to be 80 per cent. above that of July, 1914, compared with 81 per cent. in April. The foregoing figures compare favourably with the French Government Commission Reports, which show the cost of living in Paris to be 217 per cent. higher than before the war.

BIG STEAMER CAPSIZES.

Hamburg, June 17.
The 12,000-ton Brazilian Lloyd steamer *Avare* capsized while being towed out from the docks. A number of passengers and the crew were aboard, of which some are believed to be drowned.

EMPIRE SUGAR.

London, June 17.
Replying to a deputation representing the Co-operative movement who are opposed to the granting of preferential rates for Empire-growing sugar, Major E. F. L. Wood, Colonial Under-Secretary, strongly favoured continuing guaranteeing for 10 years such preference, especially in the case of West Indies.

COTTON GOODS TRADE.

Cairo, June 17.
Owing to numerous cases of false labelling and marking of cotton goods imported into Egypt, a decree prescribes that such must be folded into uniform lengths of one yard, meter or one-half, one-third or one-quarter thereof, and the measurement of each piece must be marked outside, otherwise the goods will be liable to re-exportation.



HALL'S DISTEMPER

THE KING OF WATER PAINTS

Its durability, strength, and high glossing qualities make it the ideal water painting for all houses and offices.

Handled by all Contractors and Painters. Write for our Brochure—A "How to Decorate Your Home" etc.

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LTD.

Sole Agents

Hongkong & South China.

THE WING FAT PRINTING CO., LTD.

PAPER SELLERS, STATIONERS,

Printers.

Photo Engravers, Paper-Box Makers and Bookbinders

SALE ROOM

PRINTING OFFICE

No. 148, Wing Lok Street

No. 22A, WHITFIELD RD.

TELEPHONE 2257

TELEPHONE 1910

SCIENTIFIC MASSAGE.

Mr. Nankwatsu Akaji,

A Graduate of the Tokyo Massage School, has opened a massage room on the First Floor of 2 Queen's Road, Central. Office hours from 10.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Mr. Akaji gives massage on scientific lines, based on instruction in anatomical physiology.

Fee for treatment:—\$2.00 per visit.

THE CHINA INDUSTRIAL CO.'S STORE.

Commencing To-day a genuine reduction of 10% on all goods will be made for a period of 30 days only.

Large stock of Summer goods on display. Take advantage of our greatly reduced prices. Best leather suitcases—all sizes—pure leather—local make—from \$1—up. Cheapest bargains in Ladies' and Gentlemen's shoes—latest styles.

36, WING LOK STREET.

GOLDEN STATE BUTTER

From CALIFORNIA CREAMERIES.

Sold by all the leading dealers in one pound cartons—(FRESH)—and 1/2 and 1 lb. tins.

SOLE AGENTS:—GEIZ BROS. & Co. of the Orient Ltd. PROVISION DEPT.

SHING YOUNG CO.

120, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Phone 4.50.

MANUFACTURERS OF CHINESE

SILK RAINCOATS.

E. HING & CO.

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIPCHANDLERS AND

HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

PHONE NO. 1110.

35, WING WOO ST. CENTRAL.

TAI LEE CHAN

Established 1834.

METAL GOODS

and SUNDRY HARDWARE.

Telephone 3993

119, Jervois Street

THE EASTERN SUPPLY CO.

General Contractors, House and Office Fittings, Ship Chandeliers, and Painters.

Office: 21 Queen's Road.

Works:—Heard St. Warehouse.

Telephone 4303.

For Germany and Satisfaction use
SAND-LINE BRICKS
Best-made by machinery. Highest tensile and compressive qualities.
Cost less money because of large size.
Cost less money because of regular shape.
Factory:—Glenage (H).
HONGKONG, 1st and 2nd Streets, Wai.
(SEE TICK SAND-LINE BRICK CO. LTD.)

MASSAGE EXPERTS

HARRY FURUKAWA, MRS. H. SIKI

MANICURISTS.

19, WYNDHAM STREET.

E.A.S.M.A.

Opening of the Club.

Anything arranged by the Ex-Active Service Men's Association "goes" and the opening ceremony of the "Easma" Club in Queen's Road on Saturday night was no exception to the rule. The new premises were packed with members; everybody in high spirits and out to have a good time.

The Club was declared open by the H. E. Officer Administering the Government (Hon. Mr. Cland Severn). Mr. N. Teasdale Mackintosh (Vice-President of the Association) presided over gathering and the guests included Sir Wm. Brunsyate, K.C.M.G., Mr. H. K. Holmes (Hon. Sec to the British Legion), Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (of Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon and Harston, honorary solicitors to the Association) and Mr. E. J. Chapman.

A capital concert, arranged by Mr. Pearson, was held in the billiard room. Mr. Severn contributed a little song about a "sausage roll" and told a "funny story" concerning a yellow dog. His numbers went down so well that the audience clamoured for more. His Excellency responded with "Take a pair of sparkling eyes" and the way in which he brought in the instrumental parts caused much amusement. The programme throughout was a good one, the other artists being Mr. T. G. Patterson, Mr. V. C. Labrum, Mr. Bailey, Mr. Cyril Allan and Mr. Pearson. Mr. A. M. Bowes-Smith (at the piano) and Mr. G. Sharmar (violinist) acted as accompanists.

Sir Paul Chatter's Munificence.

Mr. Teasdale Mackintosh having expressed regret for the absence of the President, Lord Maitland, V.C., mentioned that the Association, whose birth was very largely due to the energy and enterprise of their Chairman, Mr. E. H. Wilson, and other spirited spirits, had only been in existence some six months. It became clear that if the Association was to make any real progress the one thing necessary were Club rooms, properly equipped. Those present would remember that only a very few weeks ago his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales refused the offer that was made him of having a statue put up in commemoration of his visit and asked instead that some very good thing should be done for the Colony. When Sir Paul Chatter was good enough to ask him, the Chairman, what he considered that "very good thing" to be, he had no hesitation whatever in assuring him that the best thing he could do would be to put up some fund from which they could obtain an income to pay the rent and equipment of a Club. (Applause.) Sir Paul not only gave twice by giving quickly, but also twice by giving more than he was asked for or was expected to give. He not only founded at once the Chatter War Endowment Fund but also gave a cheque for \$5,000 for the furnishing of the Club. Under the Chatter War Endowment Fund that Association was entitled for the next five years to receive half the interest of the \$50,000.

Proceeding to explain the necessity for a Club, the Chairman said that as residents of the Colony they wanted to be in a position to entertain the ex-active Service men who were still in the Service. (Applause.) He did not think it had been made sufficiently clear that the men who were still serving were just as eligible for membership of the Club, provided they were able to show two war medals, as anybody else, and for his own part he was very anxious to see a sprinkling of uniforms there. (Applause.)

Drawing Inspiration from War Experiences.

He was well aware the Club would be the scene of a great deal of boisterousness and roistering. The object of the Club and Association was merely to provide facilities for the social intercourse of those who had seen active service in the great war, but he believed that underneath this social intercourse, underneath this jollity and merriment, most of them would be drawing their inspiration from the experiences granted them in the war (hear hear).

"It has been said," the Chairman continued, "that members of this Association are seeking to place themselves on a level of superiority above the rest of the Colony. I have a letter in my hands which suggests that owing to its war service this Association has arrogantly assumed precedence over other sections of the community. (Laughter.) When people write letters like that to me

I do not know whether to laugh or whether to cry. We have done nothing of the sort. All that we claim is that we have certain experiences from which we must, from which we only can draw our inspiration for our future life. It is from the memory of our dead companions—the memory of those friends we have lost, that in a sense no one else has lost because we were present at their death which might very well have been our own death—that we must draw our inspiration. Unless we can draw our inspiration from that, there is no vision, and unless there is a vision the people must perish. We have learnt in a sense what no one else can have learnt, the meaning of death and the divinity of man." (Applause.)

In calling upon His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government to declare the Club open, the Chairman said the Committee had requested him to ask that His Excellency would be good enough to present the Club with a signed photograph of himself.

A "Different" Club.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government expressed the great pleasure it gave him to be present. Mr. Mackintosh had so eloquently given them some of the reasons for the foundation of the Club that it was unnecessary for him to say much about it. He thought it was a wonderful thing that they had been able to secure those premises. He agreed with Mr. Mackintosh that Sir Paul Chatter never performed a better piece of munificence in his life than when he gave them the money which enabled them to establish that Club. The members of that Association, His Excellency continued, were bound together in an organisation which was totally different from any other that could be imagined. In fact, never since clubs became so universal had there been any such bond that could so bring men together of different tastes and different outlooks on life. He thought the spirit of unity and co-operation would be wonderfully realised among them. He believed the Association would have a great influence on the life of the Colony and he wished it every possible success and hoped its life would be a long and prosperous one. (Applause.) His Excellency then formally declared the Club open.

Sir William Brunsyate's Speech.

Sir William Brunsyate proposed the toast of "The Association," coupling with it the name of the Chairman, Mr. Wilson. Speaking of Mr. Mackintosh, Sir William said: "If he carries into the affairs of this Association the religious, devastating energy with which we are familiar at the University, it augurs well for the future of the Association. (Applause.) Speaking not as an ex-Serviceman, and looking back on the great war, one feels, sometimes, that it has not solved all the social problems that we expected it to solve; it has not made the world very safe for democracy or anything else; and perhaps not very much of a place for heroes to live in; but I personally welcome anything that tends to recall to us the spirit of comradeship which was brought out amongst us all by the war." (Applause.)

Sir William went on to say that he was not speaking as an ex-Serviceman, although a few months ago he received from Mr. Winston Churchill a parchment document in which Mr. Churchill stated that he had, on a command from His Majesty the King, to tell him that he had been mentioned in despatches, for gallant conduct in the field. He was proud to find his name mentioned in despatches, but he was not going to take advantage of that official statement to claim to be a member of the Ex-Active Service Men's Association. (Laughter.) Those who were not ex-active Service men claimed to share in that spirit of comradeship promoted by the war; he claimed it, for example, for the people at home. Those at the front did impossible things and won all sorts of distinctions, but one's pulses were stirred also by the lists of medals granted to men and women at home for services in munition factories, gallant services rendered under the most trying conditions.

Sir William Brunsyate referred to his experiences during the war in Egypt, where they saw some very fine men—Lord Allenby, General Smuts, General Byng, General Birdwood—not forgetting the equally fine men who left them for Gallipoli and some who came back to hospital from there. The experience in Egypt was that it was most difficult to keep the civil servants from running away to the field of hostilities. Sir William noted that the Association had restricted its membership to the field. One sometimes felt it

REUNIFICATION.

The Offer to Dr. Wu Ting-fang.

Peking, June 17. With regard to Wu Ting-fang's denial, it is officially stated that President Li Yuan-hung and the Cabinet telegraphed Wu Ting-fang requesting him to come to Peking to resume the Premiership. The censorship might account for the non-receipt of the northern messages.—*Reuter.*

Peking, June 17. The China Press learns that Chekiang has declared its independence of Peking and is drawing up a constitution for self-government.—*Reuter.*

CHINA'S WAR.

Armistice in the North.

Peking, June 17.—A mandate has resulted in suspension of hostilities and the signing of an armistice at Shauhaikuan, whereafter there was no fighting, but reports do not say that the Fengtien forces retreated.—*Reuter.*

EARLIER SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) TO AMERICA IN A JUNK.

Shanghai, June 17. Captain George Waard, former master of a Jardine Matheson steamer sailing out of Hongkong, leaves here next Sunday in an attempt to cross the Pacific in a Chinese junk of 64 feet over all and 15 feet beam, built at Amoy under his personal supervision. He is taking only three Chinese sailors and anticipates crossing in sixty days. He is going North to Hokkaido, then via the Aleutians and Alaska and thence down the coast.

SHANGHAI CRICKET.

Shanghai, June 18. H. O'Henderson, playing for the Blues, against the Shanghai Cricket Club, scored 151 not out.

might have had a wider basis because some were excluded who had done good service, but it was for the Association to decide. One was glad to see anything done to perpetuate the comradeship of the trenches, and he wished the Association all success. The lesson they learned in the field might be expressed briefly that "all that matters is the snow" and the individual does not count." (Applause.) "I understand," continued Sir William, "that there has been a proposal to put into your official constitution that 'Hongkong needs an earthquake' (Laughter and applause) I think the rest of us quite agree with you that it is 'the show' that matters and not the individual without having an earthquake (Laughter) We wish you all success." (Applause.)

Democratic and Representative.

The toast was enthusiastically received. Mr. E. H. Wilson, in responding, remarked that owing to the limited qualification for membership the Club would be the most exclusive one in the Colony. (Hear, hear.) In his opinion the Club was unique because nowhere would they find one so democratic or so representative. In this Club it was possible for the ex-Company officer to associate with the private whom he might at one time have sentenced to seven days "C. B." or for the ex-commanding officer to fraternise with the Battalion pioneer. The Association was symbolical of comradeship, without which life would be a dismal thing, and he believed it would continue to exist as long as there were any ex-Servicemen left to carry it on. With reference to the relief of ex-Servicemen in distress, Mr. Wilson mentioned that the Association found, itself overlapping to some extent the work of the British Legion and representatives of the two bodies had met with a view to co-ordinating.

Mr. L. D. Martyn proposed the toast of "The Guests" and Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, in responding on their behalf, remarked that although he was not eligible to become a member of the Association he fully appreciated, after a visit to the devastated battle areas of France and Belgium, the motives which actuated ex-Servicemen in forming such an Association.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST ARRIVED.

PIECE GOODS FOR SUMMER

PLAIN WHITE VOILE

Width 36"

Price 55 cents. to \$1.25 a yard

FANCY COLOUR VOILE

Width 36"

Price 80 cents. to \$2.00 a yard

FANCY OR WHITE ORGANDIE

Width 36"

Price 60 cents. to \$1.00 a yard

FANCY DRESS GINGHAM

With fancy check or stripes

Price at 65 cents. a yard

EMBROIDERED

SKIRTING

Price \$6.50 to \$12.00 a yard

FANCY SHIRTING

Plain White or with stripes

Price 65 cents. to \$2.50 a yard

YEE SANG FAT CO.

Now in Full Swing!

REDUCTION SALE

of DEPENDABLE SUMMER MERCHANDISE

ALL GOODS

MARKED AT THEIR LOWEST.

Extraordinary offerings.

COME EARLY



"TIME TO BUY"

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

LONDON ASSAULT CASE.

H. C. Best as Defendant.

What John Nelson Miles, who stated that he was about to sit for his final examination as an accountant, described as "an echo" of the Freda Kempton case, in giving evidence at Marlborough-street against Henry Cadogan, Best (of Hongkong), described as an engineer, who was charged with assaulting him, occurred at 107, Regent-street—the China-se restaurant—of which Miles stated that he was managing director and secretary.

Best told the magistrate that, acting under instructions from a firm of solicitors, he went to the restaurant to take charge. Accus-

ed alleged that prosecutor called him a half-caste. "I am of Eastern and Western extraction," explained Best, who further declared, "I have been educated in a comparatively gentlemanly manner." He alleged that prosecutor approached him in a threatening manner, and that he (accused) was greatly provoked. "So I gave him one with my left," said the prisoner, "and he went down like a log of wood." (Laughter.)

Mr. Mold inflicted a fine of £4 with £1 costs, remarking that a man of his size ought to be sent to prison for such an assault.

£1,700 CATCH OF FISH.—A catch of fish landed by the trawler Yiermo from the White restaurant to take charge. Accus-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—Top flat in Orient Buildings, Coronation Road, Kowloon, comprising three rooms, large verandah, bathroom, kitchen and servant's quarters. Furniture and fittings can be purchased if desired. Vacant 30th June. Moderate rent. Apply to Box No. 738 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—Office rooms on 3rd floor, Bank of China Building, No. 4, Queen's Road, Central, to be let. Occupation from 16th of July. For particulars apply to Bank of China.

TO LET.—Godown suitable for coal or other purpose, with walled space of about 70,000 square feet. Apply W. S. BAILEY & CO.

TO LET.—New European flat situate in Wantai Gap Road near Bowen Road. Apply to Compradore Department of Banque de L'Indo Chine.

TO LET.—FANLING, A New Bungalow situated on Wo Hop Sek. Apply to Tsang Foo & Co.

TO LET.—Offices top floor Prince's Buildings. Apply Harry Wicking & Co.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Two houses, Nos. 6 and 7 Bowen Road with garden and tennis court attached. For further particulars apply to Compradore, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

FOR SALE.

ABSOLUTELY NEW

- Two 50 BHP. Single Cylinder Bolinder Oil Engines. Revs. 225 per minute.
- Two 50 BHP. two cylinder Bolinder Oil Engines direct connected to 25 KW.115 Volt direct current (compound wound) dynamo complete with back of board field rheostat for each machine.
- Two oil fuel tanks capacity of each 20 tons. Apply to Bolinders, c/o this Paper.

MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD OF CHINA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

REGULAR Monthly Meeting at the Guild Office. WEDNESDAY, 21st June, 1922, at 5 o'clock, p.m.
W. J. STOKES, Branch Secretary.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

MR. EDWARD WILLIAM ALDERSON has been appointed ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER of the above Company.

By Order of the Board.
C. MONTAGUE EDE, Chairman.
Hongkong, 14th June, 1922.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

MR. COLIN FRANK PRATT has been appointed MANAGER of the HONGKONG HOTEL.

By Order of the Board.
C. MONTAGUE EDE, Chairman.
Hongkong, 14th June, 1922.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

MR. SIDNEY HUBERT HEWER has been appointed MANAGER of the PEAK HOTEL.

By Order of the Board.
C. MONTAGUE EDE, Chairman.
Hongkong, 14th June, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Co's Steamer "MYRMIDON"

are hereby notified that their Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 19th June.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival. All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 24th June, will be subject to rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 8th July, or they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

From EUROPE AND STRAITS.

The Company's Steamship "HARUNA MARU."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed. Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 26th June, 1922, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on Tuesday and Friday. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

KONINKLIJKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPIJ

From SINGAPORE and PENANG

The Steamship "VAN OVERSTRATEN"

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 24th June, 1922, will be subject to rent. Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

General Agents.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1922.

FOR HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Sails for Haiphong and Hoihow every alternate Tuesday.

The favorable passenger steamer

RAI-KUE.

(Capt. Charles E. Page).

Hongkong for Haiphong on Saturday, June 24th, 1922.

Apply to the Agents, 124, Wing Lok Street.

NOTICE.

Owing to the advancing cost of newspaper production, it has been decided to make an increased charge of 20 per cent. on present rates, as from April 1st, 1922, on the following descriptions of casual advertisements, namely:—
Government Notifications.
Municipal Notifications.
Official Notifications.
Legal Notices.
Company Notifications.
Association, Club and Society Notices.

This, of course, does not affect the charges made for contract spaces held by commercial firms or for small "Want" advertisements.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
Monday, the 20th June, 1922 at 3 p.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

One 6 Cylinder McLaughlin Buick Touring Car (5 seater) in fine running condition, tyres practically new. On view now at the United Motor Co's Garage, Wanchai. Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Messrs. Lamert Bros. are instructed to sell

WITHOUT RESERVE

The Steamship

"KAM MA"

Now lying off Shamshuipo under an

Order of the Court.

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

TUESDAY

The 20th day of June, 1922, at 3 o'clock p.m.

At their Auction Rooms in Duddell Street.

The ship is a wooden ship of approximately 1800 tons capacity with accommodation for about 800 Chinese passengers. Length 252 ft. or thereabout Beam 35 ft. or thereabout For particulars to view apply to Messrs. Lamert Bros. The Auctioneers.

For further particulars apply to, MESSRS. JOHNSTON STOKES and MASTER Prince's Buildings or to, MESSRS. LAMBERT BROS. the Auctioneers, Duddell Street.

THE COWIE HARBOUR COAL COMPANY LIMITED.

SILIMPOPON COAL.

THE undersigned are prepared to quote prices for best quality freshly mined SILIMPOPON COAL, trimmed into Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo) or to contract for regular Bunker Supplies for 6 or 12 months at favourable rates.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for Bunkers are exempt from payment of ordinary Port Charges. The minimum draft of water alongside the Company's Wharf at Sebatik is 28 feet at low water Spring Tides. Charts of Cowie Bay (Sebatik Harbour) and any required information concerning the port can be had on application to

BRADLEY & CO. LTD. Agents, The COWIE HARBOUR COAL CO. LTD.

CHEONG YUE S. S. Co. 16, Des Voeux Rd., C. Phone 2332 S.S. Loading Sailing For Freight & Passage, apply CHAN YUE TENG, Secretary.

THE SAI HING S. S. Co. 23, Connaught Road West Phone No. 1770 CANTON-WUCHOW LINE. S.S. "NANNING" S.S. "SAINAN" Leaving every alternate day. HONGKONG-WUCHOW LINE. S.S. "KOOKING"

HONGKONG TO SAIGON S.S. "PHEUMPHEN" Loading—Monday Sailing—Tuesday, June 20. For Freight & Passage, apply WO FAT SING 81, Wing Lok St. Phone No. 5.

THE HIN FAT S. S. Co. Shipping & Insurance Brokers 107, Wing Lok St. Phone 4-33. S.S. George II—For Swatow June 24th S.S. Lindsay Miller—For Haiphong June 26th. KWOK HIN WANG, Proprietor.

CHAN YUE TENG. Secretary. THE CHEONG S. S. Co. 16, Des Voeux Road, Central, Phone 2332.

WE ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF OUR NEW WORKSHOP IN HONGKONG AT 145 PRAYA. E.

MOTOR ENGINEERS

GENERAL REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

SPECIALISTS IN MOTOR CARS

MOTOR CYCLES

IGNITION

BARGAINS IN NEW AND USED MOTOR CARS AND MOTORCYCLES

REEVES & CO.

145, PRAYA EAST

PHONES 4002 K-673

THE HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

AN Extra Gymkhana is fixed for Saturday, July 8th, 1922.

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms may be obtained at Race Course, Hongkong Club and Causeway Bay Stables.

Entries close Tuesday, June 27.

FLASHES FROM THE STATES.

A cook in a New York hotel has been found to possess a wonderful operatic tenor voice. He ought to have a fine range. —Southern Lumberman.

An Ohio man died and left \$100,000 to a girl who had refused to marry him, showing that gratitude is not a lost virtue. —Nashville Southern Lumberman.

"Hands across the sea" is a beautiful idea, but practically it depends a good deal on what each nation hands across. —Yankee Press and Tribune.

The tumult and the shouting dies; the captains and the kings depart; still stands the ancient sacrifice, a taxpayer with a bleeding heart. —Baltimore Sun.

Margot likes American men better than American women. It may be remarked in passing that the women do not control the mediums of publicity. —Baltimore Sun.

A scrap of paper came near to wrecking civilization; a flood of paper may yet finish the job. —The Medford Mail-Tribune.

"All the world needs is to cheer up and get on its knees at intervals." —McKeesport Record.

There is one good thing about war. The killers have the decency not to insult public intelligence by making a plea of insanity. —Harrisburg Patriot-News.

If more mothers were strappers we'd have fewer flappers. —Kirkcaldie Express.

The spirit of unrest that makes the world go round is the spirit of work. —Asheville Times.

After statesmen have tried everything else, they give up in despair and do the sensible thing. —Bethlehem Globe.

The change in the Soviet attitude toward capital is due to the fact that it wishes to borrow some. —Philadelphia Record.

LAST SHOWS POSITIVELY!

at 5.15 and 9.15 p.m. performances



Husband's jealousy causes untold suffering—wife leaves home to escape unjust accusation.

Would you forgive your husband for the most terrible accusation? Would you forgive him even if he were responsible for the death of your child?

If you have a heart you must

SOMEONE MUST PAY

At the

WORLD THEATRE
T-O-D-A-Y.

WORLD THEATRE.

"Someone Must Pay."

To take a page from life and throw it on the screen is one of the most difficult feats, because the popular conception of our daily existence does not permit the least extravagance in portrayal and only the greatest faith in one's ability coupled with indomitable courage will permit the attempt. An instance of such a courageous effort is expressed in Ivan Abramson's absorbing drama "Someone Must Pay" which is playing for the last time to-day at the World Theatre.

In this drama of human hearts the author-director levels his unerring battery of reason on the one prevalent weakness in our make-up, jealousy.

Mr. Abramson does not hesitate to call a spade a spade as it is only by being entirely frank that the basest sin can be handled and the effect of it on our lives made clear.

In "Someone Must Pay" the story deals with characters such as any one may have on his list of friends. No attempt is made to seek for cause, nor does the author-director permit overdrawn effect. It is a straightforward tale that goes directly to the point without glossing over a single scene.

It breathes truth and the unalterable convictions of an author whose masterpieces have made an enviable name for him all over the civilized.

WOMEN'S WRONGS.

They do not Have a Fair Chance.

One of the greatest surgeons said that he never went to bed without feeling thankful for not having been born a woman. A woman's health handicaps her, almost always. She has pains and disabilities which do not afflict men. Nature does not give her a fair chance. Her blood is more thin and poor than a man's and she neglects the first beginnings of ill-health.

Many women who seemed destined to a life of frequent suffering have been freed entirely from the ailments of their sisters through the wonderful blood-making qualities of Dr. Williams' pink pills. Women make too light of their troubles. Many a housewife toils all day with a pain in her back and side, a burning headache, and a sense of having no spine left. So much depends upon her that she refuses, with courage that is often heroic, to give up. What a pity that women will not listen to their friends whom Dr. Williams' pink pills have saved from this misery. These pills ought to be taken in the first years of womanhood; they may make all the difference to the health of a life-time. But whenever a woman suffers they will help her—in youth, middle-age, and after-life.

If you are not fit, Dr. Williams' pink pills will help you to health. Get a supply new from any dealer, or send \$1.50 for one bottle, or \$3.00 for six bottles, to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 95 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

CONVICTIONS FOR BIGAMY.—In 1919 convictions for bigamy numbered 848. In 1920, the number was 670.

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

Admiralty and Airship Service.

In the House of Commons last month, Mr. Amery, replying to Captain Bowyer, said the Admiralty viewed with regret the decision, for financial reasons, to abandon the existing airship services. That airships, available in sufficient numbers, would be of great value in naval warfare was undoubted, and any developments for commercial purposes would therefore be welcomed by the Admiralty.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Mr. Amery informed Viscount Curzon that the final distribution of naval prize money would begin before the end of the month.

PLIGHT OF CHRISTIANS IN NEAR EAST.

Mr. O'Connor called attention to the plight of Christians in the Near East, and hoped the proposals of the Kemalists for the immediate evacuation of Asia Minor by the Greeks would be indignantly repelled by the Allies.

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, replying, said, preceding the evacuation of Asia Minor by the Greeks there would be a three months' armistice. The evacuation would be supervised by the Allies.

EMPIRE SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Amery, in moving the second reading of the Empire Settlement Bill, explained that the object of the measure was to help the development of the scheme inaugurated by the Overseas Settlement Committee of which he was chairman, which provided for the overseas settlement of ex-Service men and women. Free passages to any part of the British Empire were now granted to approved applicants and their families subject to certain conditions.

So far assistance had been given under the scheme to some 50,000 ex-Service men, or, including families, a total of 100,000 persons. It was estimated that fully 80 or 90 per cent. of those who had thus gone overseas were unemployed or would have come upon the unemployment fund.

MINISTERIAL SALARIES.

Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to Captain Terrell, who asked whether to stimulate national economy he would consider the desirability of a reduction on all Ministerial salaries, said the Report of the Select Committee recommended increases in some Ministerial salaries and decreases in others. The only Ministerial salary raised during or immediately after the war was that of the Lord Privy Seal.

NO PASSPORT FOR GENERAL TOWNSEND.

Mr. Chamberlain said that the Foreign Secretary had decided to refuse a passport to General Townsend to proceed to Turkey on the ground that such a journey undertaken by the hon. and gallant gentleman at the present time would be the reverse of opportune, since it could not fail to be misconstrued both by our Allies and Turkey as an official mission, and consequently to prejudice the present negotiations and to delay still further the re-establishment of peace with Turkey.

Mr. Chamberlain was sorry that the hon. and gallant member

should consider the reply offensive. He had embodied it almost textually in the answer he had given to the House.

BILL TO COMBINE THE COMBATANT SERVICES.

Admiral Snelcor was given leave under the ten minutes' rule to introduce a Bill to subordinate the three fighting services to a Ministry of Defence, and the Bill was read a first time.

PARACHUTES FOR AIRMEN.

Capt. Guest, replying to Sir William Joynson Hicks, said that Sir Ross Smith was not wearing any form of parachute at the time of his fatal accident. Parachutes were only of value when the accident occurred at sufficient altitude to give time to the occupants to extricate themselves and jump clear of the machine. In the case of Sir Ross Smith everything happened so quickly that escape by parachute would have been impossible. The possibilities of parachutes as life-savers were receiving the closest attention with the Research Department of the Air Ministry.

DOLE FRAUDS.

Sir Montague Barlow informed Mr. Neil Maclean that during the six months ending 31st March last there were 701 prosecutions for alleged fraud on the Unemployment Fund and 640 convictions were obtained.

LORD-LIEUTENANT'S LIMITED POWERS.

Sir Parnam Greenwood, answering Mr. Rupert Gwynne, said Lord Fitzalan was still Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.

Mr. Gwynne asked if the Lord-Lieutenant and his staff were making any efforts to protect the loyalists who were being murdered in Ireland.

Sir Parnam Greenwood replied that the position of the Lord-Lieutenant was very similar to that of the Governor-General in Australia and Canada. He acted under the advice of his constitutional advisers, and could not act in any other way.

THE CARLISLE LIQUOR CONTROL SYSTEM.

Replying to Sir F. Hall, Mr. Shortt said that the question of extending the Carlisle liquor control system to other districts was not at present under the consideration of the Government. He did not find in the report of the Geddes Committee any condemnation, strong or otherwise, of the Carlisle arrangement or any ground for appointing a committee to inquire into it.

Sir F. Hall—Has not the arrangement been a financial success?

Mr. Shortt—I think so, but we shall be able to deal with that in the debate which will take place.

FIT MEN; BRIGHT WOMEN.

There are plenty of men and women who seem to be never up to the mark—not actually ill perhaps, but lacking that sense of vitality necessary to the full enjoyment of life. The reason is that the blood has become thin and poor, and the whole system debilitated in consequence, because all bodily functions are dependent upon good red blood. Both men and women in great numbers have found renewed vitality in Dr. Williams' pink pills for these pills create new rich blood, tone up the whole system and strengthen the nerves.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

LONDON SERVICE
(Direct)

TEUCER	20th June	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
ACHILLES	4th July	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
ATREUS	11th July	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
PYRRHUS	18th July	London, Amsterdam & Antwerp

LIVERPOOL SERVICE
(Direct or via Continental Ports)

YANGTZE	20th June	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & G'gow
PHEMIUS	2nd July	Marseilles, Havre & Liverpool
OANFA	20th July	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & G'gow

PACIFIC SERVICE
(via Kobe and Yokohama)

TALTHYBIUS	19th June	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
TYNDAREUS	11th July	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

NEW YORK SERVICE
(via Suez or Panama)

EURYPYLUS	5th July	via Suez
CYCLOPS	23rd July	via Suez

PASSENGER SERVICE

PYRRHUS	21st June	for Shanghai
PYRRHUS	18th July	for Singapore & London
MENTOR	22nd Aug.	for Singapore & London

For Freight and Passage Rates and all Information Apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)
AGENTS.

SIAMESE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Sailings from Hongkong:—

For Steamers To Sail.

For further particulars apply to:—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

Agents. Tel. 36

VACATION TRIP

HONGKONG—SHAMSHUI—WUHOW.

In the splendid and luxuriously appointed 500 ton Motor Ship "KONG NING" between Hongkong, Shamsui, Shin Hing through the LOVELIEST SCENERY ON THE WEST RIVER TO WUHOW.

Berthing in Hongkong at the Yeung Tai Hing Wharf. SPLENDID 1st and 2nd class passenger accommodations; large and airy berth cabins on upper deck; no port holes but large airy windows; fitted throughout with electric light and Fans, etc.

Steamer	M. S. "KONG NING"	Leaves Hongkong.
"Kong Ning"		June 13th. at 5 p.m.

Round trips occupying 5 days; including meals and 24 hours stay on board at Wuhow \$45.00.
For further particulars apply to:—

BANKER & CO.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

I.R.C. v. C.R.C.

The deciding match in the "A" Division was played off on the I.R.C. ground on Saturday when after many interesting and exciting games the Indian Recreation Club managed to snatch victory from the Chinese Recreation Club by the narrow margin of one game. At the end of the first round, the Chinese led by seven games, but these the Indians gradually reduced, and finally won in the final round. The victory of the Indians was mainly due to the

splendid play of A. H. and O. Rumpkin. The former when playing against M.K. and M.W. Lo, had a touch of cramp and was unable to finish the last two games in the final round. Scores: A. H. & O. Rumpkin, beat M. K. & M. W. Lo 7-1, went Ng Sze Kwong and Wong Po-kie 6-5, beat Lau and Lay 8-3.

A. A. and S. A. Rumpkin, beat M. K. & M. W. Lo 6-5, lost to Ng Sze Kwong and Wong Po-kie 5-6, lost to Lau and Lay 4-7.

S. H. and S. D. Ismail, lost to M. K. and M. W. Lo 3-8, lost to final round. The victory of the Ng Sze Kwong and Wong Po-kie 6-6, beat Lau and Lay 6-5.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

The Steamship "PRESIDENT MADISON" having arrived from Seattle, Wash. via ports, on 17th inst. consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., at Kowloon and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on 23rd inst. by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs Anderson and Ash.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after 24th inst. will be subject to rent.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
United States Shipping Board.
Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Managing Agents,

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

5th Floor, Union Building.
Hongkong, 17th June, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

From HAMBURG via ANTWERP, BREMEN & SINGAPORE.

The Company's Steamship "ARGUN MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 25th inst. at 5 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 10 a.m. on the 25th inst. by Capt. Douglas.

Claims against the steamer must be presented within ten days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

FROM EUROPE & STRAITS.

The Company's Steamship

"LIMA MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before Noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 23rd June, 1922, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the godowns for examination by the consignees and the Co's representatives at an appointed hour on Tuesday and Friday. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.
Hongkong, 16th June, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

AMERICAN AND ORIENTAL LINE.

From NEW YORK.

The Steamship

"ROSERIC"

Having arrived from the above Port, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 25th inst. at 5 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 10 a.m. on the 25th inst. by Capt. Douglas.

Claims against the steamer must be presented within ten days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

General Agents.

MEE CHEUNG.

Have you ever been satisfied with a photo of yourself or your children? If not, you will be, if you go to

MEE CHEUNG

Ice House Street.

Every photo we turn out is a picture

Beautiful, Artistic, Permanent.

HUMPHREY'S
asthma
Cure
GIVES INSTANT RELIEF
No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether Asthma, Influenza, Neural Catarrh or Ordinary Cough you will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply unequalled.
TAKED FOR 30 YEARS
Sold in this by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

M. R. LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate in literature, has been a teacher in European schools and merchants in the Colony for ten years.
He has a good method of training Europeans to read in the Chinese language, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.
Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of "The Hongkong Telegraph" office direct to No. 122, Queen's Road Central second floor.

Scotland's Glory through the Ages

PETER DAWSON'S
PD
SCOTCH WHISKY

The brand of historic lineage
WHISKY virtues lies in its age.
Only pure, well-matured, very
old Whisky is blended into
"P.D." Brand.

Hence its appreciation as
everyone's favourite Scotch
—everywhere.

PETER DAWSON, Ltd.,
Distillers, GLASGOW,
SCOTLAND.

Melrose Abbey

Sole Distributing Agents for HONGKONG and South China.

Messrs. H. RUTTONJEE & SONS,

16, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

AMERICA'S BUDGET.

Large Economies.

Reduction of \$1,615,568,659.30 in governmental expenditures over outlay for the current fiscal year is noted in the report of Mr. Charles G. Dawes, Director of the Budget, to be presented to Congress by Representative Madden, chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger of May 8.

The figures are based on the revised estimate from 1922 compared with actual expenditures for 1921.

Of the total reduction, \$907,559,407.77 has been looked off in ordinary expenditures for operations of the routine business of the Government. Savings and economies directly traceable to the imposition of the budget system in governmental finances are placed at \$250,134,835.03.

The Dawes report was submitted as a result of a pending resolution offered in the House by Representative Byrns, Democrat of Tennessee, who sought information from the President how direct savings of \$32,000,000 and indirect savings of \$104,000,000 had been made in the first six months' operation of the Budget Bureau, as previously cited by Mr. Harding.

The report, which has been transmitted to Representative Madden by President Harding, is designed by President in detail the workings of the budget since its establishment.

The President's letter to Mr. Madden, which summarizes Mr. Dawes' report, follows:—

"I am transmitting herewith the report of the Director of the Budget prepared in response to the inquiries made in House resolution 285. I am sure you will find the ground fully covered with such presentation of figures as will fully convey to the Congress the helpful results attending the inauguration of a more efficient business system, marked by co-ordination and co-operation among the various departments under executive control."

"It will be noted that in the expenditures of the Government for the current fiscal year, ending June 30 1922, after eliminating the estimates for the public debt, operations in capital funds, and similar accounts, all of which

tend to confuse our understanding of the actual cost of the routine business of Government, there has been a reduction in the expenditures of the Administration over the outlay for 1921 of \$907,559,407.77.

These highly gratifying figures relate to reduced expenditures which come under the influence of executive pressure, and do not include \$700,000,000 of other reductions which are not related to the routine business of Government. Compared with this reduction of \$907,559,407.77, the Director of the Budget details \$250,134,835.03 as the sum representing the savings and economies which may be fairly accredited to the new system of administration and the widespread commitment throughout the various departments to effect a more efficient and economic administration of the government's business. Of this sum about \$12,000,000 represent postponed construction and maintenance which will probably be unnecessary under the reduced programme of next year.

"It affords an interesting comparison to note that expenditures for the current fiscal year were estimated last December by the Director of the Budget at \$3,967,922,366 and that the actual expenditures will be \$4,550,336 less than that estimate. With this reduction the expenditures for the year will be \$3,922,372,030, which is approximately \$1,604,000,000 less than the actual outlay for the preceding fiscal year."

It is not dependant to estimate savings and economies wholly on the figures presented to Congress in making up the budget nor on the figures approved by the Congress in making its appropriations. Economies and savings must, of necessity, be brought about through administration.

RESERVE NOW \$136,000,000.

"The pressure for reduced expenditures and increased economies resulted in an estimated reserve last August out of the appropriations for the current fiscal year of more than \$112,000,000, and continued pressure since that time has raised this reserve to approximately \$136,000,000, notwithstanding a reappropriation by Congress of more than \$7,000,000 of the original reserve."

This reveals the possibilities of the widespread administrative

commitment to reduce the cost of routine Government business. On the whole, I believe, the Congress will find the operation of the newly-adopted methods to be highly gratifying, not only in having brought about reductions in expenditure in accord with the manifest wishes of Congress in reduced appropriations, but in revealing the possibilities of large savings through still more efficient methods in the future, thus conveying to the people the determination of those in authority to operate the Government effectively at the least possible cost, to make the Government's full contribution to a return to the normal ways of peace, and ultimately lifting the excessive burden of taxation."

LESS UNDER EXECUTIVE CONTROL.

"It will be noted," says the Dawes report, "that out of total estimated expenditures of \$3,922,372,030 for 1922, only \$1,765,875,672 is classified as being subject to executive control in the operation of the routine business of the Government. These figures compare with the actual expenditures under the same categories in 1921 of \$2,673,435,079.77, representing out of total of \$5,538,404,689.30."

The saving of more than \$250,000,000 estimated by Mr. Dawes directly traceable to the budget method, Mr. Dawes explains is made despite the "archaic system of Government accounting," which prevents and will prevent until changed, "Congress, the Executive and the public from being fully informed as to the business operations of the Government."

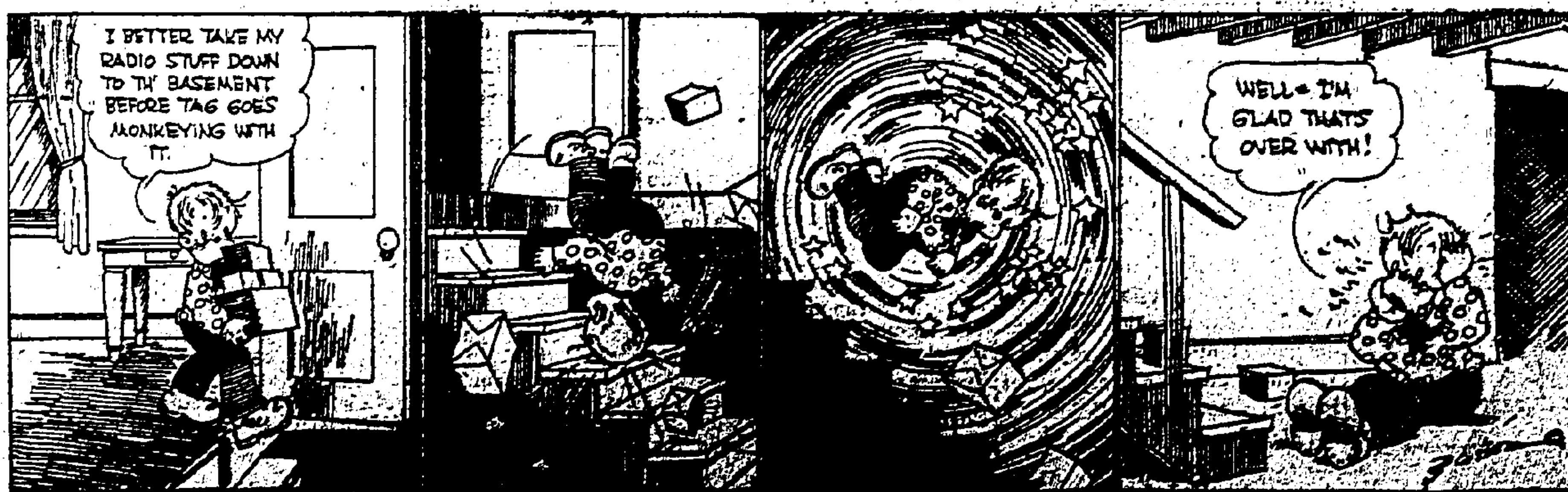
FIT-U PINCE-NEZ

is the latest of the finger operated eyeglass mounting and has been designed to avoid all the objectionable features of this type of mounting. The long coil springs of the Fit-U prevent spring breakage, and can be instantly adjusted to give more or less pressure on the nose. The nose clips are of special shape to prevent slipping. Fit-U Pince-nez of any metal are obtainable from the Hongkong Optical Co., successors to Clark & Co., manufacturers and refracting opticians—the most competent optical manufacturing establishment in the colony—located in 53, Queen's Road Central.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Who Says He Isn't An Optimist?

BY BLOSSER



DEWAR'S "WHITE LABEL"

SCOTCH WHISKY

still maintains its pre-war world-wide reputation—
high quality—real age, and fine flavour.

SOLE AGENTS:—

A.S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Alexandra Building.

Phone 616.



JUST ARRIVED VICTOR RECORDS

FOR

MAY

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

Exclusive Distributors.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

FOR QUALITY AND SERVICE.



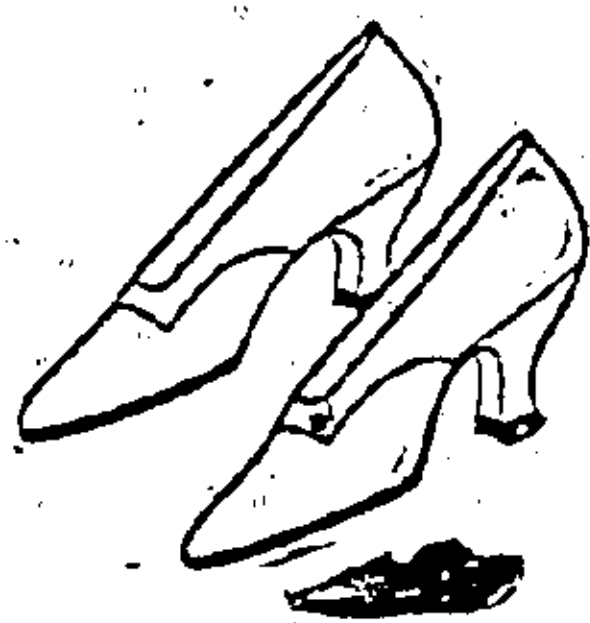
NEW WHITE SHOES

IN CANVAS, BUCK AND KID

EXTRA LIGHT LEISURE SHOES

CANVAS WITH RUBBER SOLES,
SMART LOUIS HEELS.

\$7.50 per pair.



THE CATERING DEPARTMENT

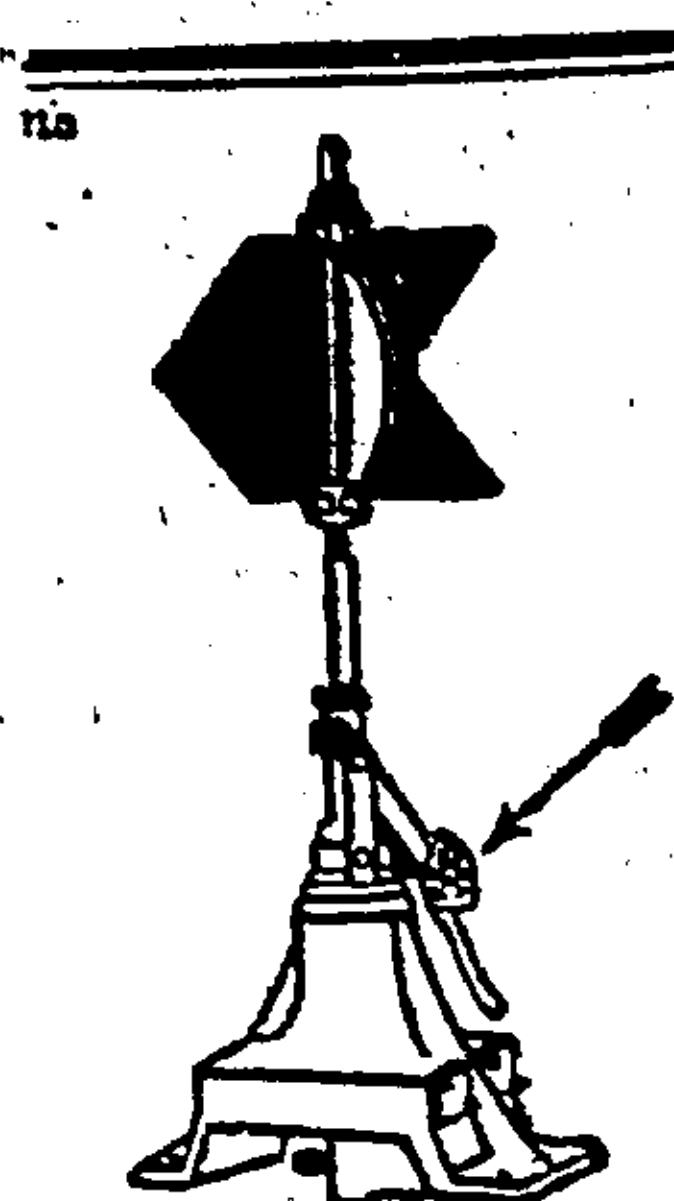
CAFE WISEMAN

is now replete with every requisite for carrying out orders for
BATHING AND MOTORING PICNICS.

WEDDING RECEPTIONS, GARDEN PARTIES,
PRIVATE DINNERS, DANCE SUPPERS,
LAUNCH AND YACHTING PICNICS.

Estimates and Menus can be had on application for any of the above no
matter how large or how small the number to be catered for. All victuals
provided are of the finest quality supplied by the DAIRY FARM and
prepared in the most recherche style by experienced Cooks under expert
European supervision.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.



More human lives are
in the keeping of one lock
when it is placed on a rail-
road switch than in any other
position.

Great railroads like the
Pennsylvania and Union Pa-
cific that take every possible
precaution to safeguard their
patrons, use Yale & Towne
Bronze Padlocks.



The Telegraph.

HONGKONG, 19th June, 1922.

MISSION WORK IN CHINA.

At a missionary conference in
England during the week-end,
Prof. Roxby, just returned from
China, declared that the Educa-
tion Commission, of which he is
a member, believed that a new
opportunity had arisen and was
still developing for Christian
schools in China. This appears
to be warranted by the recent
World's Church Congress at Pe-
king and the Christian Students'
Federation gathering at Shang-
hai. On the latter occasion a
somewhat rabid and very vocal
body of Chinese non-Christian
students did their utmost to pre-
judice the Christian movement
in China. They were very much
in earnest, and attained a con-
siderable following. The pro-
paganda of these youthful op-
ponents showed, as it seemed to
us, that they had misconceived
the nature and purpose of Chris-
tianity; and their views were
disclaimed by the riper non-
Christian intellectuals of the
Republic. It may be added that
their hostility served to mark the
progress of the Christian move-
ment, for the Federation's gather-
ing was generally voted a decided
success.

Years ago a leading Romanist
divine out here, asked whether
China would ever become
Christianized, replied emphatic-
ally: "Never!" When questioned as
to the purpose of mission work in
that case, his answer was to the
effect that it behoved Christendom
to make such advance as it could.
Whether the Romanist divine
was correct or not in his first
answer, the progress that has
been made indicates that an
advance was possible. Prof.
Roxby looks to the direct
participation of the Chinese
themselves in the work of
evangelisation for the ultimate
conversion of China. This, too,
is in accordance with up-to-date
opinion among mission circles
out here, and there has been a
really remarkable growth in the
native Christian ministry during
the past decade, so that now
Cathay is spoken of not as
an adjunct to the Church in
Europe, but as the Church of
China. Another point emphasised
by Prof. Roxby is that, with
a practical people like the Chi-
nese, education must be an
essential of missionary work.
The Christian missions of various
denominations have already done
valuable work in this respect, but
in such a country as China the
field is, of course, immense.

Crime in the Colony.

The annual report of the Cap-
tain Superintendent of Police
indicates that the past year was a
fairly normal one so far as crime
is concerned. There were fewer
serious offences reported, the de-
crease being 356 cases, or
17.17 per cent., whereas minor
offences were 17.12 per cent. more
than in the previous year. Gang
robberies, unfortunately, showed
a marked increase, there being 56
cases as against 40 for 1920, and
in only ten of these were any
arrests made. Of the 25 murder
cases notified, guilt was brought
home in only two cases, although
there were arrests made in ten of
them. The disparity between the
numbers of cases and the actual
arrests made under these two
headings is not surprising, for in
this sphere of crime it is no easy
matter to lay hands on the culprits.
Murders and gang robberies are
usually carefully planned and, in
the case of the former, we fear
that the criminals make full use
of the easy facilities available for
getting quickly out of the Colony.
In gang robbery, too, the depreda-
tors generally so arrange
matters that they have a good
start before the police are com-
municated with. Realising through
the report as a whole, we are
left with the conviction that,
under the extremely difficult
conditions which prevail, the
police force is discharging its
duties in a wonderfully efficient
and thoroughgoing manner. At
its head is a most capable
and conscientious Superintendent,
while the rank and file, espe-
cially in the European section,
is maintaining a high standard of
alertness in coping with a big task
which in this Colony always will
present formidable difficulties.

Another "Putsch"?

The assertion in the German
Socialist organ *Freiheit* that a
monarchist coup d'etat is im-
pending raises the question whether
the Germans, or any section of
them, have deluded the Disar-
mament Commission. Alarmist
articles have been appearing in
the *Times* for some months, and
instances of concealment of arms
and equipment have come to
light. These have been on a
relatively small scale. Perhaps,
too, the importance attached to
German quasi-military organisa-
tions is exaggerated. Whether
formally incorporated or not,
Germany has any numbers of
trained soldiers. That doesn't
matter a great deal while they
are without arms. Having
succeeded in concealing munitions
in some cases, however, the
Germans may have done the
same in cases that have
not been discovered. The
risk of a monarchist coup d'etat
is obviously much greater if
the alleged complicity of the
Ministry of Defence is a fact.
This might be the case even
though President Ebert and Dr.
Wirth were loyal to the Constitu-
tion of the German Republic.
Judging by the outcome of the
Kapp *putsch*, there is no nation-
wide movement towards a mon-
archist restoration, which does
not exclude the possibility of such
a consummation at the instance
of an energetic and resourceful
group. If such a move was in
contemplation, the publicity given
to the contingency should have
a deterrent effect—at least for
the present. Irrespective of
the question of importance is whether
the Germans have hoodwinked the
Disarmament Commission on any
considerable scale.

CONTROL OF CHINESE TROOPS.

Chan King-ming Mentioned In Disbandment Scheme.

Peking, June 18.—Mandates
have been issued appointing
Chang Chi-huang Civil Governor
of Kwangsi, formally abolishing
the Tuchunship of Kiangsi, and
appointing Tang Tsai-chang
Counsellor to the Cabinet.
Tung Kang and Kao Eng-
hung left for Peking yesterday
after a four-hour conference last
evening with Tsao Kun and Wu-
pei-fu, at which it was unani-
mously decided that the provincial
budgets should be referred to the
Central Government; and that
provincial military expenditure
should be paid by the Central
Government, no revenues to be
held by the provinces for
payment of troops, the
Central Government thus
controlling the provincial troops.
The result of the visit was
reported to the Cabinet this
morning. A suggestion has been
made that Wang Shih-shen,
Chan King-ming, Lu Yung-hsiang
and Tsao Kun should head the

DAY BY DAY.

ONE TROUBLE WITH THE
WORLD IS NOT ENOUGH WARS
ARE BEING PREVENTED.

We have received from Mr. H.
W. Sassoon a parcel of magazines
for the troops.

A Peking telegram says it is
reported that General Chan King-
ming will be appointed Inspector
of the Two Kwangs.

Numerous applications for the
erection of modern sanitary con-
veniences will come before the
Sanitary Board at to-morrow's
meeting.

Amongst the passengers who
arrived by the s.s. President
Madison were the Earl of
Gosford, Mr. and Mrs. W. H.
Trenchard Davis and Mr. Claude
Trenchard Davis.

A Chinese shipping agent
reports that during the voyage
from Shanghai to Hongkong on
the s.s. President Madison some-
one stole from him U.S. currency
bonds to the value of \$4,500.

The Council of the Royal
Asiatic Society have awarded
their triennial gold medal to Pro-
fessor Herbert A. Giles, LL.D.,
of Cambridge. We cannot recall
that this distinction has ever been
given before for Chinese, and it is
very satisfactory that it has now
been so awarded. —*China Express*
and *Telegraph*.

A meeting was held in the
Legislative Council Chamber to-
day at noon, at which the Coloni-
al Secretary explained the
negotiations which had taken
place with the Telephone Com-
pany and the terms which had
been offered it by the Govern-
ment. The meeting was not
open to the Press.

The police report a robbery in
the small hours of yesterday in
which the Captain of the s.s.
John Sanderson, W. Adams, lost
\$55. Captain Adams said that
ten coolies stopped him at 1.30
a.m. as he was passing the Naval
Yard in a ricksha on his way to
Wanchai, pulled him out of the
vehicle and removed the money
from his pockets.

A. Olavsen and T. Wilsen,
both Norwegians, were charged
before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at
the Magistracy this morning,
with being vagrants. According
to Inspector Caygill, the defend-
ants deserted their ship on the
10th inst., the day before the
vessel left Hongkong for Manila.
They gave themselves up to the
police on Sunday. The Magis-
trate committed the defendants to
the House of Detention.

A twenty-four hour remand
was granted by Mr. R. E. Lind-
sell this morning in a case in
which a Chinese passenger of the
s.s. President Madison was charged
with unlawful possession of
five revolvers and nearly one
thousand rounds of ammunition.
The defendant's arrest was made
on board the President Madison
yesterday, in consequence of an
allegation made by another man
who was found carrying the
arms.

The health return for the past
week shows 48 cases of plague
(35 fatal), four of enteric fever
(three fatal), two of small-pox
(two fatal), three non-fatal cases
of cerebro-spinal fever and one non-
fatal occurrence of diphtheria. In
one of the plague cases the
sufferer was an Indian, there was
one British case of small-pox and
one Filipino case of cerebro-spinal
fever. All the rest were Chinese.
There were five deaths from in-
fluenza (non-notifiable), four being
Chinese and the other Portuguese.

There will be a special draw at
the Coronet to-day in the shape
of "Man—Woman—Marriage"
which is so stupendous an attrac-
tion that the management have
wisely decided to run it for a
whole week at the 5.15 and 9.15
sessions daily. Ordinarily the
Coronet programme maintains a
consistently high standard, but
"Man—Woman—Marriage" will
be found to be a picture so im-
measurably superior to the
ordinary run of photoplays as to
make the seeing of it an occasion
to be marked, as it is said, with a
white stone.

commission in charge of disband-
ment. Pending the arrival of
Hsieh Yuan-han, the Government
has appointed Ho Kan-ah as
Acting Civil Governor of Kiangsi.

NEW HOTEL FOR KOWLOON.

A Five-Storey Building.

Residents of Kowloon will
probably have noticed that the
land immediately in front of
Victoria View, which was
formerly used as gardens and
tennis courts by the tenants
of that building, is now in
course of being prepared for a
further building, and they will
doubtless be interested to
learn that it is proposed to erect a
first-class European Hotel on the
site. This undertaking must be in
no wise confused with the
proposed Peninsula Hotel to be
erected by the Hongkong Hotel
Company—it is quite a distinct
project.

We learn that the building will
be five stories high and on the
lower ground floor there will be
accommodation for a large garage,
lavatories, servants' quarters etc.
On the ground floor there will be
dining rooms, billiard room,
private sitting rooms, bar, lavato-
ries, etc., whilst on each of the
upper floors there will be private
dining rooms, bedrooms, bath-
rooms, etc. The total number of
bedrooms will be 90, and the
upper floors will be served by an
electric lift, whilst the building
throughout will be replete with
every modern convenience. The
building will be of reinforced
concrete framing and floors, with
Simplex fireproof partitions. The
flush sanitary system will be
installed. The entrance to the new
Hotel will be in Hankow Road.
The architect is Mr. J. Caser
Clark, and the contractors,
Messrs. Tung Wah and Co.

BATHING FATALITIES.

Two During Week-End.

The week-end has been sad-
dened by two bathing fatalities at
Stoneycree, as a result of which
Leading Telegraphist F. E. Web-
ber and Master Emil Anderson
lost their lives.

Leading Telegraphist Webber,
of the Stoneycree staff, was on
Friday afternoon bathing from
the bamboo pier on the island
when he dived into shallow water
and struck bottom, with the re-
sult that he fractured two small
bones in his spine. He was re-
moved to the Naval Hospital in a
serious condition and passed
away early the following morn-
ing. Twenty-four years of age,
unmarried, the deceased came to
Hongkong from Ford, Devonport,
in January of last year. He soon
became extremely popular
amongst all his comrades, and
was a man of sterling character.
He will be greatly missed by a
large circle of friends. The
funeral took place on Saturday
afternoon and was largely attend-
ed, whilst numerous floral trib-
utes were sent. Deceased was
a cousin of Bombardier Veal, of
the R.G.A.

The death of Master Anderson
took place under equally tragic
circumstances. As Cubmaster of
the St. Andrew's Troop of Boy
Scouts, he took a party of boys to
Stoneycree on Saturday after-
noon. The boys had finished
their swim, but young Anderson
remained in the water and, on
being invited to remain with
another launch party, he did so,
after seeing that the Boy Scouts
had left for home. At about 7
p.m., he was swimming towards
the launch when he was suddenly
seen to be in distress. Mr. T. J.
Knight, of the American Express
Company, who was aboard the
launch, dived in, fully dressed,
but though he and others con-
tinued the search for some time,
no further trace of the lad could
be discovered. At the time,
Anderson was only about twenty
or thirty yards from the shore
and as he gave no cry for help
it is assumed that he was
suddenly taken with cramp, dis-
appeared and was carried out by
the strong tide that was running.
The deceased, who was 19 years
of age, was very popular with the
young people of Kowloon. He
was an apprentice at the Kow-
loon Docks and lived with his
mother in Orient Buildings,
Kowloon. His father was
formerly employed at the Kow-
loon godowns, but he recently
went to Shanghai and was short-
ly to be joined by his wife and
family. Much sympathy is felt
for Mr. and Mrs. Anderson in the
heavy bereavement which has
befallen them.

We learn that the body of young
Anderson has been recovered
by the police, having been found
floating off Shamshipo. The
funeral is to take place this even-
ing, passing the Monument at
5.40 p.m. There will be a large
body of Boy Scouts at the funeral.

BASEBALL.

South China Defeat Hongkong.

Saturday's game between the
South China Athletic Association
and the Hongkong Baseball
Club saw the come-back of the
South China nine, who took the
game by a score of 14 to 8. Both
teams hit and fielded well, but
South China showed better team-
work and knowledge of "inside
baseball" and made everything
count in the pinches. There were
several exciting moments, par-
ticularly in the last half of the
ninth innings, when Dome of the
Hongkong Club got on base and
"Admiral" Townsend, the next
man up, hit a long ball to left
field for a home run, scoring two
runs. It looked as if the Hong-
kong Club might stage a rally,
but Hoe, the Captain and left
fielder for South China, put the
next two men out on fly balls.
The sixth innings was the lucky
stars for South China when
they populated the bases and the
next three men got base on balls
off Brown, forcing in three
runs. They scored a total of 5
runs in this innings. Curtiss
relieved Brown in the seventh
and pitched a very steady game
to the finish, allowing only 2 runs
and 2 hits. K. S. June and Daniel
Chinn were the stars for South
China, and Church, Koch, Dome
and Townsend were the leading
lights of the Hongkong nine.
Hongkong were robbed of a
chance to score in the third in-
nings when Brown hit a long
three-bagger and in running the
bases failed to touch second.

Quite a crowd of fans occupied
the grandstand and lined the field
and rooted for their favourites
throughout the game. Outstand-
ing among the multitude was
genial Doc Daugherty, an ex-
umpire, who was evidently an-
xious to see one or the other of
the two teams win and voiced his
opinion of various plays at fre-
quent intervals during the fracas.
It was learned later that "Doc"
was in favour of each man on the
Hongkong team hitting a home
run but he couldn't be heard above
the shouting of the crowd, so
the players didn't have a chance
to act on his suggestion.

Doctor Urquhart and June did
the umpiring without serious
damage to themselves or the
players.

The box-score is as follows:—

South China.

	AB	R	H	SB	E
Yeong cf	6	1	1	0	1
June 2b	6	2	1	0	0
Hoe lf	6	1	3	0	3
Harry Chinn lb	6	2	2	0	0
K. S. June ss	6	1	2	0	1
S. Chinn 3b	6	2	2	0	1
Daniel Chinn c	5	2	4	1	0
Tommy rf	5	2	0	1	0
L. Yeong p	5	1	0	0	2
	51	14	13	4	8

Hongkong Baseball Club.

	AB	R	H	SB	E
Proulx 2b	5	2	1	0	2
Church 3b	5	0	1	0	0
Dome ss	5	1	1	4	2
Townsend lb	5	1	2	0	0
Koch c	5	1	1	1	0
Benson lf	5	1	1	1	3
Bradrick cf	2	0	0	0	1
Bradford rf	4	1	4	0	0
Brown	2	0	1	0	0
Scott c	2	0	0	0	0
Curtiss p	2	1	0	1	0
	42	8	12	7	8

for Downick in the 6th.
for Brown in the seventh.
Struck out by Yeong 4, by
Brown 1, by Curtiss 5. Base
on balls off Brown 6, Curtiss 2,
Yeong 2. Home run Dome. Three-
base hit—Brown. D. Chinn. Two-
base hit—Proulx.

A return game will probably be
played at an early date and in an
interview with Capt. Koch the
writer was told that the next
game will be the downfall of
South China. Capt. "Panama"
Hoe didn't concur with Koch's
ideas, and said his team would
beat any nine in South China.
The probable date of the return
game will be announced in an
early issue.

There are rumours about that
the Football Club intend to get
together a baseball team and
enter the lists. From what has
been seen of some of their men in
practice it would appear that they
are no mean ball-throwers and will
probably put up some strong op-
position to the other local nines
when they get into shape.—
Contributed.

KENT REGIMENTS JOINT DEPOT.

The depot of the Buffs (East
Kent Regiment) at Canterbury is
to be amalgamated with that of
the Royal West Kent Regiment
at Maidstone.

DEEP BAY MURDER.

Tangs and Tams.

The Deep Bay murder trial commenced before the Chief Justice (Sir Wm. Res. Davies) at the Criminal Sessions this morning. There were four prisoners, Tam Hing, Tam Tai, Tam Mi and Tam Kun. The Attorney-General (Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp) conducted the case for the Crown and prisoners were defended by Mr. T. N. Chan (instructed by Mr. Hall).

The Jury were Messrs. S. Dunn (foreman), J. Sloan, E. W. Blackmore, Ramasamy Sundram, Taoi Kai, F. Ellis and C. Stewart.

The Attorney-General, outlining the facts, said on the night of May 1st deceased, Tang Fuk-chi, and his brother, Tang Fuk-tai, disappeared. These two men were fishermen, but they sometimes engaged in smuggling. On the night of the alleged murder the two brothers had been engaged in smuggling sulphur into China across Deep Bay. They anchored off Nim Wa village and another of the party, Tang Kum-fuk, rowed ahead to look out for Customs launchers. He met the four prisoners, with two other men, in a boat. The prisoners went aboard Tam Fuk-tai's boat and bound the occupants. It seemed that Tam Fuk-chi was also on board. The prisoners rowed away, followed by a woman who had been following the two brothers. A little later a splash was heard, as if a body had been pushed into the water.

Some two or three days later a fisherman, using hook and line, caught something heavy. He pulled it up and when he found it was a body, he cut the line and let it go. A little later this fisherman was engaged by the relatives of deceased to drag for the body. He did so and the upper portion of the unfortunate man was recovered.

From the evidence of Dr. J. T. Smalley, it appears that a rope had been tied round deceased's neck; thence to his wrists and then to a large stone. His body had been mutilated, probably by a ship's propeller.

The case is proceeding.

A REMARKABLE ASSAULT.

Elderly Man's Adventure.

A remarkable story of apparently motiveless assault was told the Police Judge (Mr. J. R. Wood) at the Criminal Sessions this morning.

About a quarter to nine on the evening of May 8th, an elderly man named Pun Choi was walking westward along Des Voeux Road. Near the Sailors' Home he met four men, strangers to him. Two seized his arms. Pun heard the report, as if of fire, and the men then let him go, they continuing their journey eastward and Pun proceeding westward. No attempt was made to rob him.

Pun walked a short distance and then felt a pain in his arm. It appears that he had been shot, the bullet piercing his arm and continuing on its career, grazing his stomach. Feeling faint and overcome, Pun sat down. He was seen by a friend, who carried him on his back to No. 7 Police Station. When he arrived at the Station he saw a man there, whom he at once identified as one of his assailants.

It appears that this man was arrested by Insp. Fallon, who was in the vicinity at the time the shot was fired. The man, Po Kan, came across the road towards the Inspector, who caught hold of him with the intention of search. As the Inspector caught him, Po said in Chinese: "It's not my business; it's my clansman's." The Inspector found a dagger in Po's possession and took him to the Police Station.

Po Kan was charged at the Criminal Sessions with wounding and assault. The case for the Crown was conducted by Mr. E. K. Holmes.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE CAMERA FIEND.

The Japanese War Office has announced that the prohibition against sketching, drawing or taking photographs in Kamakura, Koshigaya and a portion of Kawaguchi-mura as well as on the grounds of the Enzokoji and Kenchoji temples, has been cancelled.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

The Shield Winners.

By virtue of their very narrow victory over the Chinese on Saturday, the I.R.C. are certain of winning the shield in the "A" Division.

They have one match still to play against the Club de Recreio who have for some time past been unable to raise a team and even if the Portuguese do play on Saturday they can hardly hope to win.

The U.S.R.C. have made a very plucky fight and if they beat the Hongkong Club in their postponed match they will finish a point behind. At the other end of the table the Japanese and Civil Service have been very disappointing.

"A" DIVISION.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
I. R. C.	6	8	0	6
U. S. R. C.	6	5	1	5
C. R. C.	6	4	2	4
K. C. C.	6	3	3	3
H. K. C. C.	4	2	2	2
M. B. K.	6	1	5	1
Club de Recreio	0	3	0	0
C. S. C. C.	5	0	5	0

In the "B" Division, there is a very good fight for the Championship. The College boys have two very stiff matches ahead of them in the I.R.C. and the C.R.C., while C.R.C. who are at present bracketed with them have the College and the Police. The first five teams in the table are still all in the running.

"B" DIVISION.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Queen's College	7	6	1	6
C. R. C.	7	6	1	6
University	6	4	2	4
K. C. C.	6	4	2	4
I. R. C.	5	4	1	4
M. B. K.	7	3	4	3
Police	7	2	5	2
C. C. C.	7	2	5	2
C. S. C. C.	7	1	6	1
Club de R.	5	0	5	0

LAWN BOWLS.

Kowloon Still Winning.

As a result of the week-end games, the Kowloon Bowling Green Club still further strengthened its position at the head of the League Table, taking points from the Craigengower Club to the tune of 36 points to 34. Tai-koo (No. 2 team) defeated the Police, and the Civil Service beat the K.C.C. Below will be found the details.

Kowloon B.G.C. v. Craigengower.

This match was played at Kowloon Scores:

	K.B.G.C.	CRAIGENGOWER.
Guy	Alves	
Crawford	Rodrigues	
Harvey	Fisher	
W. Russell (skip)	F. Allan (skip)	
	24	12

	Hedley	Green
Whibley	Souza	
Gourlay	Omar	
Lapsley (skip)	34 Basa (skip)	
	5	

	Johnstone	Martin
Farrell	Ismail	
Gow	Greener	
Edwards (skip)	L. Rose (skip)	
	28	17

	Total 35	Total 34
Civil Service v. Kowloon C.C.		

This match was played on the Civil Service green. Scores:

	C.S.C.	K.C.C.
Roylance	Thompson	
Rudd	Cornley	
Sara	Stevens	
Stanley (skip)	23 Gibson (skip)	
	18	

	Hall	Hunter
Pryer	Herridge	
Tacchi	Brown	
A. B. Allan (skip)	Pile (skip)	
	28	15

	Forbes	Nicholls
Sullivan	Davidson	
Secombe	Hyde	
Hill (skip)	12 Overy	
	20	

	Total 63	Total 53
Taikoo (No. 2) v. Police R.C.		

This match was played at Tai-koo and resulted in a win for the home team by 63 to points 54. The details are not to hand, except that on No. 1. rink Russell (Taiko) lost to Robertson 18-23; on No. 2 rink Wallace (Taiko) beat Gerrard 23-14; and on No. 3. rink Morrison (Taiko) beat Grant 22-17.

The League Table.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Kowloon B.G.C.	4	4	0	8
Taikoo (No. 2)	5	4	1	8
Civil Service	4	2	2	4
Taikoo (No. 1)	4	2	2	4
Kowloon C.C.	4	1	3	2
Police K.C.	4	1	3	2
Craigengower C.C.	5	1	4	2

FIRST WOMAN CALLED TO BAR.

Innovation in Ancient Ceremony.

The joustings and jollities which mark "call" night at the Inner Temple, the most conservative of all the Inns of Court, were touched with an historical significance last month, when a woman was for the first time "called" to the Bar.

Miss Ivy Williams, member of a family which has its associations with the Inner Temple, made a very dignified entrance into the sacred portals of the law. As a student she is, of course, familiar with the fine ceremony of dining in Hall.

On call nights, of course, dinner precedes the ceremony of "calling." Miss Williams sat at a table at right-angles to the long "bench" at which the Benchers sat, on chairs cheerfully covered with red leather.

SON OF GREAT NOVELIST.

It was fitting that Mr. Henry Dickens, K.C., the Common Serjeant, the son of the great novelist, who used his eloquent pen to urge reform and progress wherever they lagged, should this year occupy the chair, as treasurer of the Inner Temple.

Closely by Miss Williams sat her friend, Miss Llewellyn Davies, also a student of the Inner Temple who is reading with Lord Robert Cecil.

The actual ceremony of "calling" took place, of course, in the jealously-guarded privacy of the Benchers' Room, a pleasant apartment, oak-lined like the hall, which looks out on the Temple Gardens.

Dinner over the doors, which are hidden in the uniform pattern of the panelling, were thrown open, and the Benchers passed to their room. Shortly, the students to be called, whose names have been "screened" in the Hall for some time in order that possible objections might be lodged, were summoned.

SENIOR STUDENT.

At their head was Miss Williams, not necessarily because chivalry dictated that the lady should enter first, but because she holds a Certificate of Honour and was thus senior student of the group.

For the same reason, it was Miss Williams who responded, after the calling of the roll and the signing of the names of those so "called," to the treasurer's speech of welcome.

Ordinarily there follows a pleasant little ceremony which speaks of the convivial note which is a cherished part of the communal life of the Inns. After the speech of welcome, the newly-admitted students take a glass of wine with the Benchers.

Miss Williams is, however, a teetotaler, and she was permitted to substitute a glass of water for the customary wine.

Similarly, Miss Williams was to please herself as to whether or no she donned the "bib" which tradition says the newly-admitted barrister must assume immediately on being "called."

There was, of course, no precedent to say how the "bib" would accommodate itself to the modified evening dress which Miss Williams wore beneath her robes.

Looking down on the significant little ceremony were the portraits of those great jurists, Coke and Lyttleton. As one of the Benchers said, "What a pity they cannot speak."

HADDON HALL TO BE FILMED.

Lady Diana in Role of Dorothy Vernon.

Lady Diana Manners is to make her next venture in film-land in the role of her ancestress, Dorothy Vernon, whose romantic elopement with Sir John Manners from Haddon Hall has formed the basis of many picturesque plays and stories.

Her ladyship has lived much of her life within the historic walls of Haddon Hall, just as did Dorothy Vernon nearly four centuries ago. She is now studying up the Elizabethan period and the sixteenth century legends of the house.

Mr. Stuart Blackton, who produced "The Glorious Adventure," is to produce the new film, also in Prizma natural colours.

The story will be built on the historical romance, but the vast legendary lore that has grown up about the fascinating Dorothy Vernon will not be overlooked. By special permission of the Duke of Rutland, the scenes will be taken at Haddon Hall.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

DAIRY PRODUCE

FRESH MILK.

also in the following forms:—Sterilized, Skimmed, Butter & Soured.

FRESH CREAM.

Full rich

BUTTER.

Daisy, Dairymaid & Shamrock Brands

CHEESE.

Gruyere, Edam, Australian Cheddar, American Stilton, Coulommier and Picnic.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Mr. H. A. Cox, who told an audience at Olympia that the piebald appearance of St. Paul's was due to the English climate, might have mentioned the effect of London's coal smoke on Wren's crowning achievement. Dean Milman with much patience calculated that the cost of building the cathedral was exactly £736,752 2s. 3d., and pointed out that this sum was raised by a tax of 112d. on every chaldron of coal brought into London. And, added the Dean, in the years that have intervened London's coal has reversed itself for this impost by blackening and destroying the exterior of the fabric. It was a similar tax, by the way, which provided the cost of the Victoria Embankment 50 years ago, and already the fine buildings then erected are showing how London coal smoke, in conjunction with London weather, can deteriorate the work of the cleverest architects.

In completing a period of a dozen years on the throne, King George still falls short of the average reign of our monarchs since the Norman Conquest, which exceeds 20 years. There are now 11 of his predecessors who enjoyed—or suffered, in some cases—sovereignty for a shorter period than his Majesty, and although a record term is impossible, every one of his subjects will sincerely hope that he lives to beat the reigns of many more kings of the past. Those whose reigns have been exceeded by George V. are his father, Edward VII., William IV., George IV., Queen Anne, James II., Queen Mary, Edward VI., Richard III., Edward V., Henry V., and Richard I.

Says a Home paper despatched in mail week—It would have been appropriate had Mr. Kella-way been able to bring his postal reductions into operation to-day, for this is an important anniversary in our post-office service. It was on May 6, 1840, that stamped postage covers first came into use in connection with Rowland Hill's scheme of penny postage, which had been made operative in the previous January after two years of pertinacious agitation. Although the Rowland Hill plan of a penny charge for the half-ounce letter was the first general scheme of the kind, it was not actually the original penny post. There was a penny predecessor in London and its suburbs, set up by Mr. Murray, an upholsterer, in 1683, and a similar scheme was established in Dublin in 1774. London's original experiment in this direction was not, as a matter of fact, far behind the constitution of the Post Office on lines similar to those of to-day, which took place under Charles II. in 1660.

That Budget concession of 4d. in the pound of tea, says a writer in the Daily Chronicle, would have delighted quite a number of famous wielders of the teapot in the past. Where are the champion tea-drinkers now? There was, for instance, Gladstone, whose pleasant humour it was (Mr. E. V. Lucas has reminded us) to speak of a cup as a dish. Dean Stanley was among the tea giants, and Dr. Johnson's prowess is a byword. Hartley Coleridge

EUROPEAN FINED.

For Disorderly Conduct.

When charged with disorderly conduct in Queen's Road Central, at the Magistracy this morning John Jones Phillips, 27, told the Magistrate (Mr. E. W. Hamilton) that he arrived from Yokohama with the intention of obtaining employment. He went to a hotel with several friends whom he met in the street, and had a few drinks, with the result that he became intoxicated.

Inspector Caygill said that on Saturday night, following the receipt of a telephone message that the defendant was misbehaving himself at Wiseman's Cafe, a policeman was sent out to stop the disturbance. When the police officer got to the Cafe, Phillips had gone to the Institute of Engineers and Shipbuilders. After having been turned out of the Institute the defendant staggered along the street, using violent language to passers by including a number of ladies.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$5, or seven days' hard labour.

was another colossus of the caddy. One who knew him tells that once on being asked how many cups he was in the habit of drinking, the poet replied with scorn, "Cups! I don't count by cups. I count by pots!"

John Julius Angerstein, of whom a panel portrait, a replica of Lawrence's picture in the Louvre, has been unveiled in the Royal Exchange by the Lord Mayor, is the reputed father of Lloyd's, from which it may be argued that the famous City house had two fathers, for Angerstein did not do more for the institution than the coffee-house keeper to whom it was indebted for the priceless gift of a name. Lloyd's coffee-house, first opened at the corner of Abchurch-lane, Lombard street, was at one time located in Pope's Head-alley, which is shortly to be destroyed owing to the rebuilding of Lloyd's Bank.

Lawn tennis has made such enormous strides in popularity in recent years that it has dropped the prefix and become "tennis," but the royal and ancient game to which that title originally belonged was a very different affair from the lawn game of to-day. It was played in France as long ago as the 14th century, but without nets or rackets, the hardy folk of those times striking the ball—not a soft rubber one, either—with their bare palms. During the 16th century, after a form of racket was introduced, French and English kings made a speciality of the game. Henry of Navarre was reckoned the best Royal tennis player that ever lived, and our own Henry VIII., who had a court constructed at Hampton Court, was also an expert, though, owing to stoutness, he employed someone to serve for him.

SUCCESSOR TO LATE MOR.

PROVOST SCOTT.

The Rev. J. B. Marshall, Catholic chaplain in the University of Cambridge, has, according to the Universe been appointed to succeed the late Mgr. Provost Scott as rector of the Catholic church there.

J. T. SHAW

TEL 692

BATHING COSTUMES

FROM

CANTNER & MATTERN

JUST RECEIVED

VERY REASONABLE PRICES

SEE

WINDOW DISPLAY

SPECIALIST IN MEN'S WEAR.

NEXT DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL

Powell Ltd.

TELEPHONE 3146

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS

10, ICE HOUSE STREET.

We have just received a fresh consignment of Gentlemen's

HIGH-CLASS NECKWEAR.

This comprises the most UP-TO-DATE and EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS from London. They are made of a good quality silk and offered at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

SEE WINDOW.

CAPE WINES

FROM J. SEDGWICK & Co., Ltd., CAPE TOWN

Claret

Drakenstein (Hock Style)

Sauvignon Blanc

Old Chateau Brandy

Santhagen Brandy

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

15 Queen's Road Central.

(Telephone No. 78).

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH CONSIGNMENT OF REUDEL BATH SALTRATES, IALKIA SALTRATES, & CLAXO BABY FOOD.

at Reduced prices

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY

Tel. No. 1877. 14, Queen's Road, Central. Tel. No. 1877.

WHEN YOU THINK OF BETTER SOUP & PUDDINGS

(THINK OF

THE HING WAH PASTE MFG. CO., LTD.

(No. 47-48 Connaught Road Central, Hongkong)

MANUFACTURERS

OF

MACARONI, VERMICELLI, PASTE

STARS, EGG NOODLES &c.

RING UP—2330.

DINNER SERVICES, TEA SETS

(FOR 12 PERSONS)

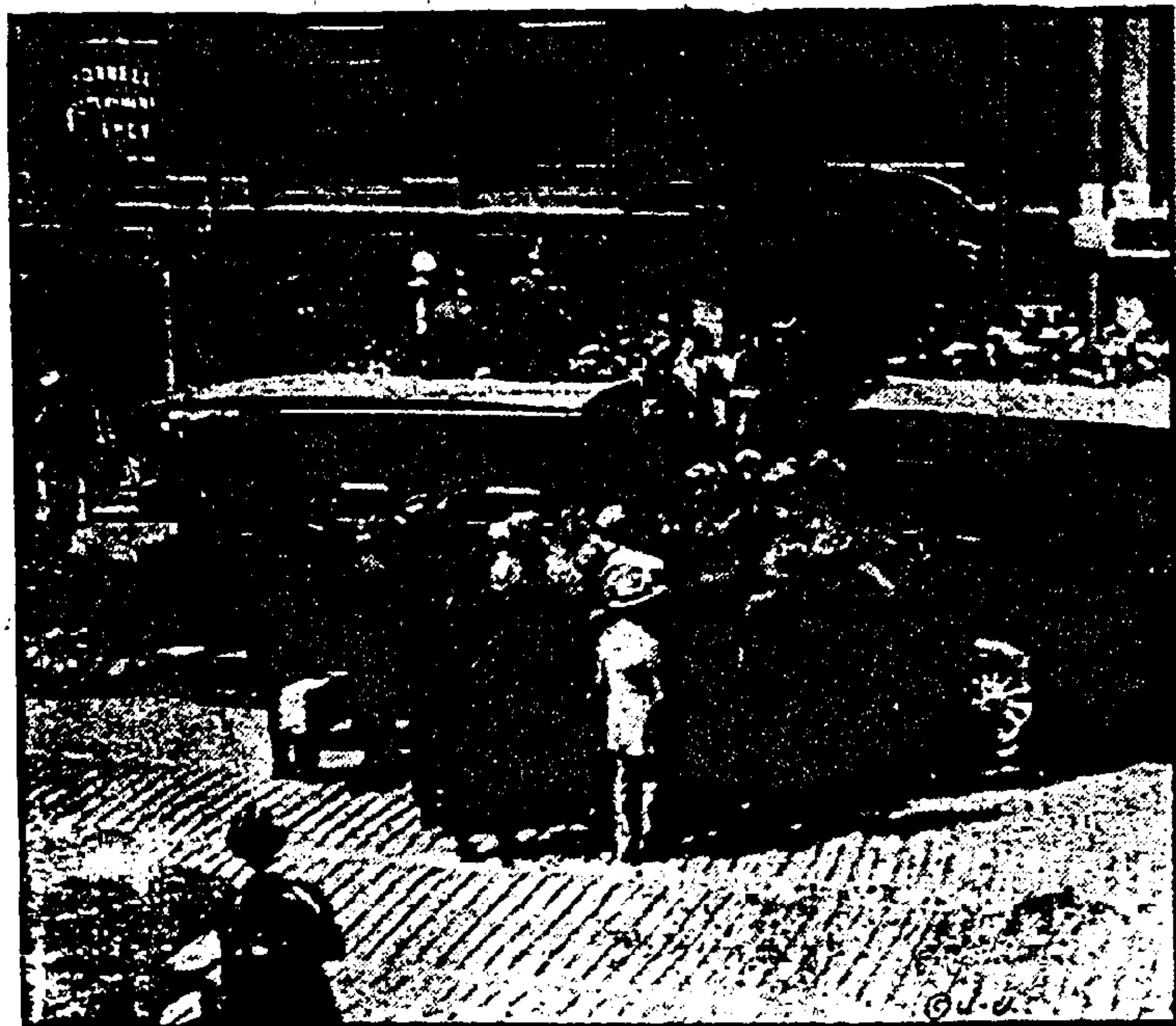
RUGS

CARPETS & TABLE COVERS

HOP CHEONG

Telephone No. 654. Complete House Furnishers. 55, Queen's Road Central.

CAMERA NEWS



Patrol wagons and detectives in front of Chicago Building Trades Council headquarters waiting for labour leader prisoners, after the recent bomb outrage.



Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, British woman athlete, who will again try to swim the British Channel. She missed by three miles last year.



Master Allan Ramsay, son of Princess Patricia, at Windsor Castle.



Miss A. Wright of England, left, going over the last hurdle in the 74-meter race in the Women's Olympic at Monte Carlo. She won by two yards from representatives of Belgium, France and Italy.



Jack Dempsey was accorded a reception seldom given to a foreign visitor when he arrived in Berlin. The Zoological Garden station was jammed. Hats were waved and hundreds pressed forward to shake his hand.



London workers bear communistic and socialistic banners through the city in labour demonstration. Picture of Trotsky heads the procession.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

It's Considered Tact.

BY ALLMAN



Stocked by - SUI YICK,
TAI LOY, WAI LOONG,
KWONG FOOK KEE and YEE CHAN.

Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA. APCAR
AND
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES.

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

TO
STRAITS & BURMA, CHINA, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES,
MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA,
INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS.
RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H. M. GOVERNMENT.)

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
DELTA	8,097	21st June	M'Isa, London & Antwerp
KASHMIR	8,841	5th July	M'Isa, London & Antwerp
MIRZAPORE	6,500	5th July	S'pore, P'asg, C'ho & B'bay
SOUDAN	7,000	19th July	M'Isa, London & Antwerp
KARMA	9,800	19th July	B'bay, M'Isa, L'don, Antwerp
KASHGAR	9,000	2nd Aug.	B'bay, M'Isa, L'don, Antwerp

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

G. APCAR 4,619 20 June 1.30 p.m. C'ta via S'pore & Penang
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)ARAFURA 5,000 5th July. { Manila, Thura, Ia, Cairns
Towansville, Brisbane
Sydney and Melbourne.Frequent connections with the Union S.S. Company's steamers from Australia to New
Zealand, East & South Africa, Mauritius, East & South Africa, Mauritius, East & South Africa,
including New Zealand & Queensland ports, Red Sea, Egypt, Europe, etc.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
JANUS	4,824	20 June 5 p.m.	Amoy, Shanghai & Kobe
SOUDAN	7,000	1st July	Shanghai only
KASHGAR	9,000	1st July	Shanghai, Kobe & Y'ham
ST. ALBANS	4,500	5th July	Kobe & Yokohama

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels measuring not more than 24 in. x 12 in. x 12 in. will be received at
the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

22, Des Voeux Road Central. Agents

GLEN AND SHIRE.

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

U.K., STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN Service.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel	Due Hongkong.
M.V. "GLENLUCE"	1st July.
S.S. "GLENSHANE"	20th July.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharges.
S.S. GLENIFFER	4th July GENOA, L'DON, HULL, A'WERP, H'BURG	
S.S. RADNORSHIRE	8th Aug. L'DON, H'DAM, A'WERP, H'BURG	

Movements are subject to change without notice.
For freight or further particulars please apply to:-

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS THE GLEN LINE, LTD

Telephone No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3695

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.Regular Fortnightly Service between
JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjilwong	Java	18th June	22nd June	Shanghai & Japan
Tjilak	Japan	21st June	23rd June	Batavia
Tjilatjap	Japan	2nd July	4th July	Batavia via Banka, Billiton.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and
have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.
All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at
through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.

ALSO OPERATING

JAVA PACIFIC LIJN.
NEXT SAILING.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For

Through Bills of Lading issued to U.S.A. and Canadian
Overland Points.

For Freight and Passage apply to the

Java-China-Japan Lijn.

Telephone No. 1574. York Buildings.

Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

N. Y. K.SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.
VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via S'hai & Japan ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common Points to U.S.A. & Canada.SHIBUYA M. (Calling Keelung) Monday, 3rd July, at 11 a.m.
YOKOHAMA M. (Calling Keelung) Wed., 28th July, at 11 a.m.
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, etc.
MISHIMA MARU ... Friday, 23rd June at 11 a.m.
HAKODATE MARU ... Friday, 7th July at 11 a.m.JAMBURO via LONDON, ROTTERDAM & BRAKE.
MATSUYE MARU ... Tuesday, 4th July.
IVERPOOL via MARSEILLES and Valencia.
TSURUGA MARU ... Tuesday, 27th July.SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, etc.
TANOO MARU ... Tuesday, 30th June at 11 a.m.
YOSHINO MARU ... Tuesday, 19th July at 11 a.m.NEW YORK via PANAMA.
DELAGOA MARU ... Thursday, 29th June.
NEW YORK via Suez.RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES via Cape.
CEYLON MARU ... Monday, 26th June.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
MORIOKA MARU ... Friday, 23rd June.JAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
AKI MARU ... Friday, 14th July at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
HARUNA MARU ... Tuesday, 20th June at 11 a.m.For further information apply to:- **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**
Telephone Nos. 292 & 293. K. H. KAMEI, Manager.**DODWELL & CO., LTD.**REGULAR SAILINGS TO NEW YORK & BOSTON
FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON.S.S. "BOWES CASTLE" Sailing on or about 30th June.
"EGREMONT CASTLE" Sailing about 2nd half of July.**LLOYD TRIESTINO.**Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for Levant, Black
Sea and Danube Ports.FIUME having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also
accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "NIPPON" Sailing on or about 28th June.

For BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE.

Via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.

S.S. "VENETIA" Sailing on or about 21st June.

"NIPPON" Sailing about middle of July.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service.

FROM CALCUTTA TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMLAZI" Sailing second half of June.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to:-

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Telephone 1030. Agents.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer	Arrives Hongkong from Australia	Leaves Hongkong for Australia
TAIYUAN	15th July	20th July

This steamer is fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring
a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc. and has superior
accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in
the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares
Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tas-
manian ports.

For Freight and Passage apply to

Butterfield & Swire.
(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

Telephone No. 36. Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE
OUTWARDS.

City of Manchester, 15th July. Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

HOMEWARDS.

City of Glasgow, 2nd July. London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of freight and passage rates apply to:-

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,

or to REISS & Co. Canton. General Agents.

COASTAL SHIPPING.**INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamer	Sailing
TTAO via S'hai & S'hai Choysang	Tues. 30th June at noon.	
BANGKOK via Swatow Foonshing	Tues. 30th June at noon.	
HAIPHONG via Hoihow Loksang	Wed. 21st June at night.	
SHANGHAI via Swatow Foonshing	Wed. 21st June at noon.	
SHANGHAI via Swatow Foonshing	Fri. 23rd June at noon.	
MANILA via Swatow Foonshing	Fri. 23rd June at 3 p.m.	
TIENSIN via Swatow Foonshing	Thurs. 29th June at noon.	
SHAI, Moji & Kobe	Mon. 3rd June at noon.	
STRAITS & Calcutta	Mon. 7th July at 3 p.m.	

CALCUTTA LINE.—This Line now affords regular sailings to
Calcutta, Penang and Singapore. Return from Calcutta
steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan
occasionally calling at Shanghai.All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted
with Electric Light & Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.
SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every three days between
Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through
tickets can be obtained and through Bills of Lading are issued
all to Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by
vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from
both parts every Friday.HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passenger-
and cargo, calling at Haiphong when inducement offers.BORNEO LINE.—Fortnightly sailings to and from Sandakan by
two 5,000 ton steamers s.s. "HINSANG" & "MAUSANG".
Both steamers having excellent passenger accommodation.
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton,
Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Datu.TIENSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to Nov.
between Hongkong & Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei & Chefoo.BANGKOK LINE.—A weekly service is provided between Hong-
kong and Bangkok, via Swatow, by five steamers fitted with
up-to-date passenger accommodation.**CALCUTTA LINE.**S.S. "Kumrang" will be despatched on or about Friday,
7th July, at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA.
Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, PORT
SWETTENHAM & MADRAS & DUTCH EAST INDIES.

For Freight or Passage apply to:-

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone No. 215. General Managers.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Klungchow	20th June at noon.
SWATOW, SHAI & TTAO	Yingchow	20th June at noon.
SHANGHAI	Kansu	20th June at 4 p.m.
WWEI, C'FOO & T'TSIN	Kueichow	21st June at 4 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	Kenchow	22nd June at 10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHAI & TTAO	Shantung	24th June at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Suiyang	26th June at 4 p.m.
SWATOW, SHAI & TTAO	Liangchow	27th June at noon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships. Electric Fans in
Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between
Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai (three weekly) and Tientsin
(weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze
and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai,
avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.BANGKOK LINE.—Weekly service to and from S'kok via S'ow.
For Freight or Passage apply to**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

Telephone No. 36. Agents.

Cargo and baggage can be insured at the above office.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having
good accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and
Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.For Swatow, Amoy and Foonshing and Returns.
(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships.	Captain	Leaving
Maikong	W. C. Parnmore	23rd June at 1 p.m.
Maiching	J. S. Thomson	27th June at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Co's Wharf (near Blake Pier.)

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,

General Managers.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA.

The South Sea Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.)

REGULAR SERVICE

between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA.

For Batavia, Samarang & Sourabaya.

S.S. SAMARANG MARU Sailing on or about 7th July.

For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

S.S. BORNEO MARU Sailing on or about 22nd June.

"CHERIBON MARU" Sailing on or about 8th July.

For further particulars please apply to:-

K. SUZUKI,

Manager.

Tel. No. 2205.
Second Floor, Prince's Building.**SHIPPING NEWS.**MASTER MARINER'S REQUESTS.
Mr. J. T. Satterly of The Ed-
dytown, Hookley, Essex, retired
master mariner who died in
January, aged 81, leaving a prop-
erty valued at £11,373, directed
that his residence should be sold,
and the proceeds given to the
Seamen's Orphan Asylum,
Snaresbrook. The bulk of his
estate is bequeathed to charitable
interests of seamen.**THE LARGEST BRITISH LINES.**The six companies which own
the bulk of British shipping and
the most extensive in the world
are the P. & O. with 373 ships
of 2,218,321 tons; the R. M. S. P.
with 321 ships of 1,911,251 tons;
the White Star Line with 122
ships of 1,207,186 tons; the
Cunard Line with 133 ships of
1,158,278 tons; the Ellerman Line
with 215 ships of 953,335 tons
and the Furness Line with 185
ships of 866,072 tons.**THE UPPER YANGTZE.**Captain H. Foote Carey, one
of the best-known mariners on
the Upper River, who was closely
associated with the late Captain
Plant in many undertakings, has
issued a very handsome volume
of photographs of scenes above
Ichang. The volume is well
bound in imitation leather, is
excellently finished, and contains
numerous photographs of interest
not only to those actually
acquainted with the Gorge,
but to those interested in remark-
able pictures of remarkable
places. The volume is the first
of four to be published, and
covers the Yangtze from Ichang
to Kuan-t'ou (entrance to the
"Wa-shan—Great Gorge").
Succeeding volumes will cover
from Kuan-t'ou to Kuei-fu,
from Kuei-fu to Feng-to
to Chungking. The first volume is
already on sale at the principal
booksellers at 5s per copy.**REVIVAL IN SAILING CRAFT.**There have been many indica-
tions of late of a revival of in-
terest in large sailing vessels
among a certain class of ship-
owners. When it comes to a
comparison of working costs,
the windjammer scores heavily
against the steamer in these days,
if the class of trade does not call
for quick delivery, and that most
beautiful of sights, a three or
four-masted vessel bowling along
with all sails set, is to be met a
little more frequently today than
it was ten years ago. Hamburg
was the home of many of these
ships in pre-war days, and signs
are not lacking that the German
port is making strenuous efforts
to regain her old position in this
respect. Many of the companies
which used to run sailing vessels
out of Hamburg are busy getting
their fleets ready again, and the
yards there are, in consequence,
refitting several of these vessels.**GERMAN SHIPBUILDERS FAVOUR**

OIL ENGINES.

It is now being realized that
within the course of the next
year or two, a large proportion
of the ships comprising the fleet
of German mercantile shipping
will be equipped with oil engines.
The Norddeutscher Lloyd has a pro-
gramme of reconstruction, which
includes eight 10,000-ton cargo-
ships and six passenger liners
fitted with Diesel oil engines,
and among the owners who have
similar vessels in course of con-
struction are the Hamburg-
Amerika Line, the Hamburg
South America Line, and the
Hansa Line. It is a matter of
more than ordinary technical in-
terest that the machinery of the
Hamburg-Amerika Line's Rheinland
and a sister ship, is of the four-
cycle, single type, although the
builders, Messrs. Blohm and Voess,
were practically the pioneers
of the two stroke, double-acting
marine engine of a commercial
type, and were believed to have
pioneered their design for this
design. The four-cycle engines
are of normal construction, but
are the largest six-cylinder
engines of this class that have
yet been built, the cylinders being
720 mm. in diameter with 1,300 mm.
stroke, and the output 2,500 h.p.
for each engine. It is noteworthy
that the two-stroke principle,
which before the war was con-
sidered in Germany to be the most
suitable for marine work, has
been abandoned by a number of
manufacturers who originally
adopted it, including Messrs.
Krupp, the Weser Company, and
Messrs. Blohm and Voess. This
is believed to be due partly to
the success which the four-stroke
engine achieved in the navy, and
partly to the fact that the
four-stroke engine has been
found to be more reliable than
the two-stroke engine.

